

EU/Central African Republic Voluntary Partnership Agreement: forest law enforcement, governance and trade in timber and derived products to the EU (FLEGT)

2011/0127(NLE) - 14/05/2012 - Final act

PURPOSE: to conclude a Voluntary Partnership Agreement between the EU and the Central African Republic on forest law enforcement, governance and trade in timber and derived products to the EU (FLEGT).

NON-LEGISLATIVE ACT: Council Decision 2012/374/EU on the conclusion of a Voluntary Partnership Agreement between the European Union and the Central African Republic on forest law enforcement, governance and trade in timber and derived products to the European Union (FLEGT).

BACKGROUND: in May 2003 the European Commission adopted a [Communication](#) entitled 'Forest Law Enforcement, Governance and Trade (FLEGT): Proposal for an EU Action Plan' which called for measures to address illegal logging through the development of voluntary partnership agreements with timber-producing countries. [Council conclusions](#) on that Action Plan were adopted in October 2003 and Parliament adopted a [resolution](#) on the subject on 11 July 2005.

The Action Plan proposes a set of measures that include support for timber-producing countries, multilateral collaboration to tackle trade in illegal timber, support for private-sector initiatives and also measures to discourage investment in activities that encourage illegal logging. The cornerstone of the Action Plan is the **establishment of FLEGT partnerships between the EU and timber-producing countries** aimed at stopping illegal logging.

In 2005 the Council adopted [Regulation \(EC\) No 2173/2005](#) which establishes a licensing scheme and a mechanism to verify the legality of timber imports into the EU.

Against this background, the Voluntary Partnership Agreement between the European Union and the Central African Republic (Ghana, [Congo](#) and [Cameroon](#)) on forest law enforcement, governance and trade in timber and derived products to the European Union is now approved on behalf of the EU.

In accordance with Council Decision 2011/790/EU, the Voluntary Partnership Agreement between the European Union and the Central African Republic on forest law enforcement, governance and trade in timber and derived products to the European Union was signed on 28 November 2011, subject to its conclusion. It is now necessary to conclude this Agreement on behalf of the European Union.

CONTENT: under this Agreement, the Voluntary Partnership Agreement between the European Union and the Central African Republic on forest law enforcement, governance and trade in timber and derived products to the European Union (FLEGT) is approved on behalf of the Union.

The Agreement sets out in particular the **framework, the institutions and the system for issuing FLEGT licenses**. It also sets out:

- the supply chain controls;
- legal compliance framework;

- independent audit requirements for the system.

These elements are set out in the annexes to the Agreement and provide a detailed description of the structures that will underpin the assurance of legality afforded by the issuing of a FLEGT licence.

The Central African Republic has developed the legislation applicable by consulting the stakeholder. It includes laws and regulations on the granting of logging rights and the registration of undertakings, forest management, environmental and labour legislation, taxation, social obligations such as involvement of local communities, indigenous people and civil society, other obligations laid down in legislation concerning the transport and marketing of timber, and export requirements.

Scope: the Agreement goes beyond the limited product coverage proposed in Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 2173/2005 on the FLEGT scheme: it covers all timber and exported timber products. **The Central African Republic is thus committed to establishing a system that will provide assurance to the EU that all timber products from the Central African Republic are legally produced** and so contribute positively to the Central African Republic's growth.

Other provisions: the Agreement makes provision for:

- import controls at the EU's borders as provided for in Regulation (EC) No 2173/2005 on the FLEGT scheme and Regulation (EC) No 1024/2008 laying down detailed measures for its implementation;
- a description of the Central African Republic's FLEGT licence, which uses the format prescribed in the above-mentioned Implementing Regulation;
- a mechanism for dialogue and cooperation with the EU on the FLEGT scheme, by means of the Joint Agreement Implementation Committee;
- principles of stakeholder participation, social safeguards and transparency, and the monitoring of and reporting on the Agreement's implementation.

Implementation time frame: the Agreement sets out a time frame and the procedures for entry into force of the Agreement and for applying the licensing scheme. It will take several years to develop and test the new systems and to build capacity on the part of the government, civil society and the private sector for the tasks envisaged.

Institutional process: the European Union shall be represented by representatives of the Commission in the Joint Agreement Implementation Committee. The Member States may participate in meetings of the Joint Agreement Implementation Committee as members of the European Union delegation.

Amending annexes: for the purpose of amending the annexes to the Agreement, the Commission is authorised, in accordance with the procedure laid down in the FLEGT Regulation on licensing scheme for imports of timber into the European Community, to approve any such amendments on behalf of the European Union.

ENTRY INTO FORCE: the Decision shall enter into force on 14.05.2012. The Agreement shall enter into force as soon as the necessary procedures have been completed.