Basic information

1998/2019(INI) INI - Own-initiative procedure	Procedure completed
A post-SFOR strategy in Bosnia and Herzegovina **Subject** 6.10.05 Peace preservation, humanitarian and rescue tasks, crisis management **Geographical area** Bosnia and Herzegovina	

Key players

European Parliament

Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed
AFET Foreign Affairs, Security and Defense Policy	DASKALAKI Katerina (UPE)	04/02/1998

Key events

Date	Event	Reference	Summary
18/12/1997	Non-legislative basic document published	B4-1103/1997	
13/01/1998	Committee referral announced in Parliament		
17/03/1998	Vote in committee		Summary
17/03/1998	Committee report tabled for plenary	A4-0106/1998	
01/04/1998	Debate in Parliament		
02/04/1998	End of procedure in Parliament		
04/05/1998	Final act published in Official Journal		

Technical information

Procedure reference	1998/2019(INI)
Procedure type	INI - Own-initiative procedure
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 134o-p3
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	AFET/4/09681

Documentation gateway

European Parliament

Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Non-legislative basic document		B4-1103/1997	18/12/1997	
Committee report tabled for plenary, single reading		A4-0106/1998 OJ C 138 04.05.1998, p. 0005	17/03/1998	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		T4-0213/1998 OJ C 138 04.05.1998, p. 0143-0179	02/04/1998	Summary

A post-SFOR strategy in Bosnia and Herzegovina

1998/2019(INI) - 02/04/1998 - Text adopted by Parliament, single reading

In adopting the report by Mrs Katarina DASKALAKI (UPE, GR) on the post-SFOR strategy, Parliament recommended the Council, in the spirit of the provisions of the new Amsterdam Treaty which refers to peace-keeping and peace-making tasks, to decide on a joint action for active EU participation in a multinational follow-on force to SFOR beyond June 1998. Parliament also called for: - the WEU to coordinate the military efforts of EU Member States within a NATO-led post-SFOR operation, - the Council to take a decision with a view to making European commitment to peace building and reconstruction in Bosnia-Herzegovina, on the basis of the Dayton Agreement, more visible. It also asked that any follow-on force to SFOR should provide appropriate support to civil implementation, with its mandate including a substantial expansion of the number of UN-IPTF (police) personnel, also with the objective of training local police forces. There was also a need to ensure the continuity of the mandate for the European Community Monitoring Mission and to continue the ban on arms transfers to the former Yugoslavia which could encourage new offensives or military action. To this end pressure must be brought to bear on all decision-makers in Bosnia-Herzegovina to ban forthwith the production of mines in their republic as well as their export. Lastly, Parliament asked that the multinational follow-on force to SFOR should be mandated to apprehend persons indicted for war crimes by the International War Crimes Tribunal and to ensure the safe return of refugees and displaced persons and to protect minorities and vulnerable groups in all areas of Bosnia and Herzegovina.