


Basic information	
<p><b>2002/0059(CNS)</b></p> <p>CNS - Consultation procedure Regulation</p>	Procedure completed
<p>Specific restrictive measures directed against certain persons and entities associated with Usama bin Laden, the Al-Qaida network and the Taliban</p> <p>Amended by <a href="#">2003/0015(CNS)</a></p> <p><b>Subject</b></p> <p>7.30.20 Action to combat terrorism</p> <p><b>Geographical area</b></p> <p>Afghanistan</p>	

Key players				
European Parliament	<b>Committee responsible</b>		<b>Rapporteur</b>	<b>Appointed</b>
	<b>LIBE</b>	Citizens' Freedoms and Rights, Justice and Home Affairs	<a href="#">PALACIO VALLELERSUNDI Ana (PPE-DE)</a>	19/03/2002
	<b>Committee for opinion</b>		<b>Rapporteur for opinion</b>	<b>Appointed</b>
	<b>AFET</b>	Foreign Affairs, Human Rights, Common Security, Defense	The committee decided not to give an opinion.	
	<b>ECON</b>	Economic and Monetary Affairs	<a href="#">RANDZIO-PLATH Christa (PSE)</a>	15/04/2002
	Council of the European Union	<b>Council configuration</b>		<b>Meetings</b>
Agriculture and Fisheries		2428	2002-05-27	
European Commission	<b>Commission DG</b>		<b>Commissioner</b>	
	External Relations			

Key events			
Date	Event	Reference	Summary
		<a href="#">COM(2002)0117</a>	Summary

06/03/2002	Legislative proposal published		
08/04/2002	Committee referral announced in Parliament		
08/04/2002	Vote in committee		
11/04/2002	Decision by Parliament	<a href="#">T5-0175/2002</a>	<a href="#">Summary</a>
27/05/2002	Act adopted by Council after consultation of Parliament		
27/05/2002	End of procedure in Parliament		
29/05/2002	Final act published in Official Journal		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2002/0059(CNS)
Procedure type	CNS - Consultation procedure
Procedure subtype	Legislation
Legislative instrument	Regulation
Amendments and repeals	Amended by <a href="#">2003/0015(CNS)</a>
Legal basis	EC Treaty (after Amsterdam) EC 060 EC Treaty (after Amsterdam) EC 301 EC Treaty (after Amsterdam) EC 308 Rules of Procedure EP 170 Rules of Procedure EP 52-p1
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	LIBE/5/16035

Documentation gateway				
<b>European Parliament</b>				
Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Text adopted by Parliament, 1st reading/single reading		<a href="#">T5-0175/2002</a> OJ C 127 29.05.2003, p. 0592-0631 E	11/04/2002	<a href="#">Summary</a>
<b>European Commission</b>				
Document type	Reference	Date	Summary	
Legislative proposal	<a href="#">COM(2002)0117</a>  OJ C 151 25.06.2002, p. 0188 E	06/03/2002	<a href="#">Summary</a>	

Additional information		
Source	Document	Date
European Commission	EUR-Lex	

## Specific restrictive measures directed against certain persons and entities associated with Usama bin Laden, the Al-Qaida network and the Taliban

2002/0059(CNS) - 06/03/2002 - Legislative proposal

PURPOSE : to impose restrictive measures against Usama bin Laden, the Al-Qaida network and the Taliban and to repeal Council Regulation 467/2001/EC on sanctions against Afghanistan. CONTENT : as a result of UN Security Council resolutions, the Council decided to impose sanctions in relation to Afghanistan, including a particular ban on flights, a ban on certain exports and freezing of funds, by means of regulation 467/2001/EC. A subsequent Security Council resolution of 16/01/02 stated that the scope of both the financial measures and the prohibition against rendering services related to military activities, should be adjusted and the remainder of these sanctions should be repealed. The adjusted financial measures and prohibition on rendering certain services target bin Laden, the Al-Qaida network and the Taliban. A list of persons, groups and entities will be decided by a UN Sanctions Committee. Since there is no link between the persons concerned and the Government of Afghanistan, it is considered appropriate to adopt a new Regulation imposing such measures and repealing sanctions against Afghanistan. In view of the explicit mention of terrorism in the texts, the new regulation has been aligned with Council Regulation 2580/2001/EC, which provides the framework for specific restrictive measures with a view to combating terrorism, directed against persons that have not been the subject of a specific determination by the Security Council or a UN Sanctions Committee.

## Specific restrictive measures directed against certain persons and entities associated with Usama bin Laden, the Al-Qaida network and the Taliban

2002/0059(CNS) - 27/05/2002 - Final act

OBJECTIVE: new measures against the Al-Qaida network, Osama bin Laden and the Taliban. COMMUNITY MEASURE: Council Regulation (EC) No 881/2002 imposing certain specific restrictive measures directed against certain persons and entities associated with Osama bin Laden, the Al-Qaida network and the Taliban, and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 467/2001. CONTENT: in view of the implementation of resolution 1390 (2002) adopted by the United Nations Security Council on 16 January 2002 setting measures to be taken against Osama bin Laden, members of the Al-Qaida organisation, the Taliban and other persons, groups, undertakings and bodies associated with them by reason of their role in terrorism, the Council adopted a common position (2002/402/CFSP) banning the direct or indirect supply, sale and transfer of arms and related equipment to these persons, groups, undertakings and entities. It also provides for the freezing of funds and other financial or economic assets and for Member States to take measures to prevent such persons from entering or transiting through the territory of the EU. With a view to implementing this common position, the Council adopted this implementing regulation (needed because the Community has competence here), which seeks to introduce a number of specific restrictive measures against these persons and repeals Regulation (EC) No 467/2001. That Regulation prohibited the export of certain goods and services to Afghanistan, strengthened the flight ban and extended the freeze on funds and other financial assets imposed on the Taliban regime in Afghanistan. The annex to the present Regulation gives a list of the legal persons, groups and persons targeted. It should be noted that UN Security Council resolution 1390 (2002) modified the scope of sanctions concerning the freezing of funds, prohibition of travel, and embargo on the supply, sale or transfer of weapons and on advice, assistance and technical training of relevance to military activities, which had been imposed by resolutions 1267 (1999) and 1333 (2000). Resolution 1390 (2002) also imposes a travel ban on Osama bin Laden, members of the Al-Qaida organisation, the Taliban and other associated persons. It also lifts the sanctions in respect of the flight ban and embargo on the sale of acetic anhydride imposed by resolutions 1267 (1999) and 1333 (2000). Resolution 1388 (2002) lifts the restrictions imposed on Ariana Afghan Airlines. ENTRY INTO FORCE : 30 May 2002.

## Specific restrictive measures directed against certain persons and entities associated with Usama bin Laden, the Al-Qaida network and the Taliban

2002/0059(CNS) - 11/04/2002 - Text adopted by Parliament, 1st reading/single reading

The European Parliament, using its procedure without report, adopted a resolution on restrictive measures directed against Usama bin Laden, the Al-Qaida network, and the Taliban. The amendments made by Parliament reflect its concern that non-derogable human rights as set down in the International Covenant on Civic and Political rights be respected. Parliament emphasised the fact that the list of persons and bodies whose assets are frozen has been determined solely by the UN Sanctions Committee. There must be a proper procedure for the revision of the lists by the Sanctions Committee, particularly since the list includes EU citizens, despite the fact that no judicial proceedings have taken place and no evidence has been provided. Parliament went on to state that the Court of Justice has jurisdiction in actions brought by the persons listed, as well as the power to give preliminary rulings concerning the validity and interpretation of the Regulation. Accordingly, the Court of Justice may take interim measures to ensure respect for human rights, particularly the right of life. The Sanctions Committee must be supplied with any information, particularly requests by

interested parties for adding or removing from the list EU citizens, and for the granting by the Sanctions Committee of exemptions on the grounds of humanitarian need. Lastly, the Parliament should be informed of the Commission's contacts with the UN Sanctions Committee, particularly of cases where a request to delete from the list of citizens or residents of the EU or to grant an exemption on humanitarian grounds is refused.