



Basic information	
<p>2003/0032(COD)</p> <p>COD - Ordinary legislative procedure (ex-codecision procedure) Regulation</p>	Procedure completed
<p>Information society, eEurope 2005: European network and information security Agency</p> <p>Repealed by 2010/0275(COD) Amended by 2007/0291(COD) Amended by 2010/0274(COD)</p> <p>Subject</p> <p>3.30.25 International information networks and society, internet</p>	

Key players					
European Parliament	Committee responsible		Rapporteur	Appointed	
	ITRE Industry, External Trade, Research, Energy		PAASILINNA Reino (PSE)	20/03/2003	
	Committee for opinion		Rapporteur for opinion	Appointed	
	BUDG Budgets		KUCKELKORN Wilfried (PSE)	25/03/2003	
	LIBE Citizens' Freedoms and Rights, Justice and Home Affairs		CEDERSCHIÖLD Charlotte (PPE-DE)	20/03/2003	
	JURI Legal Affairs and Internal Market		MCCARTHY Arlene (PSE)	18/03/2003	
	Council of the European Union	Council configuration		Meetings	Date
		Justice and Home Affairs (JHA)		2561	2004-02-19
Transport, Telecommunications and Energy		2499	2003-03-27		
Transport, Telecommunications and Energy		2543	2003-11-20		
Transport, Telecommunications and Energy		2515	2003-06-05		
European Commission	Commission DG		Commissioner		
	Communications Networks, Content and Technology				

Key events

Date	Event	Reference	Summary
11/02/2003	Legislative proposal published	COM(2003)0063 	Summary
13/03/2003	Committee referral announced in Parliament, 1st reading		
27/03/2003	Debate in Council		
05/06/2003	Debate in Council		Summary
07/10/2003	Vote in committee, 1st reading		Summary
07/10/2003	Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading	A5-0353/2003	
18/11/2003	Debate in Parliament		
19/11/2003	Decision by Parliament, 1st reading	T5-0500/2003	Summary
19/02/2004	Act adopted by Council after Parliament's 1st reading		
10/03/2004	Final act signed		
10/03/2004	End of procedure in Parliament		
13/03/2004	Final act published in Official Journal		

Technical information

Procedure reference	2003/0032(COD)
Procedure type	COD - Ordinary legislative procedure (ex-codecision procedure)
Procedure subtype	Legislation
Legislative instrument	Regulation
Amendments and repeals	Repealed by 2010/0275(COD) Amended by 2007/0291(COD) Amended by 2010/0274(COD)
Legal basis	EC Treaty (after Amsterdam) EC 156 EC Treaty (after Amsterdam) EC 095
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed

Documentation gateway

European Parliament

Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading		A5-0353/2003	07/10/2003	
Text adopted by Parliament, 1st reading/single reading		T5-0500/2003 OJ C 087 07.04.2004, p. 0074-0246 E	19/11/2003	Summary

European Commission

Document type	Reference	Date	Summary
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Legislative proposal	COM(2003)0063 	11/02/2003	Summary
Other institutions and bodies			
Institution/body	Document type	Reference	Date
EESC	Economic and Social Committee: opinion, report	CES0747/2003 OJ C 220 16.09.2003, p. 0033-0035	18/06/2003

Additional information			
Source	Document	Date	
European Commission	EUR-Lex		

Final act			
Regulation 2004/0460 OJ L 077 13.03.2004, p. 0001-0011			Summary

Information society, eEurope 2005: European network and information security Agency

2003/0032(COD) - 19/11/2003 - Text adopted by Parliament, 1st reading/single reading

The European Parliament adopted a resolution based on the draft by Reino PAASILINNA (PES, Finland.) Parliament and Council adopted a series of compromise amendments in order to ensure that the new European Network and Information Security Agency be speedily established and based provisionally in Brussels. The amendments adopted focus on the tasks of the new agency, the operational structure of the new Agency, the initial evaluation of the Agency's work and the seat of the agency. The European Network and Information Security Agency has the task of contributing to a high level of network and information security within the Community and of developing a culture of network and information security for the benefit of citizens, consumers, businesses and public sector organisations in the European Union, thus contributing to the proper functioning of the internal market. A new recital states that, to better understand the challenges in the network and information security field, there is a need for the Agency to analyse current and emerging risks. For that purpose the Agency may collect appropriate information, in particular through questionnaires, without imposing new obligations on the private sector or the Member States to generate data. Emerging risks are to be understood as issues already visible as possible future risks to network and information security. On the question of the composition of the Agency, Parliament stated that this would involve a Management Board, an Executive Director and a Permanent Stakeholders Group. Parliament deleted the Commissions provisions on having an Advisory Board and working groups. The Executive Director will establish the Permanent Stakeholders Group composed of experts representing the relevant stakeholders, such as the Information and Communication Technologies industry, consumer groups, and academic experts in network and information security. The Management Board will be composed of one representative of each Member State, (as opposed to the Commission's proposal of six representatives appointed by the Council) three representatives appointed by the Commission, as well as three representatives, proposed by the Commission and appointed by the Council, without the right to vote. Members increased the term of office for the Executive Director from two and half years to up to five years. He/she will be appointed after an open competition. The procedures regarding in particular the number, the composition, the appointment of the members by the Executive Director and the operation of the Group should be specified in the Agency's internal rules of operation and should be made public. Parliament also stressed that the objectives and the tasks of the Agency are without prejudice to the competencies of the Member State regarding network and information security and to activities concerning public security, defence, State security and the activities of the State in areas of criminal law. As to the seat of the new Agency, both Parliament and Council state, "unless otherwise determined by common accord of the governments of the Member States, the provisional seat of the European Network and Information Security Agency shall be Brussels." (Statement annexed to the Council minutes). Finally, Parliament emphasised that the Agency should pay attention to small and medium sized enterprises.

Information society, eEurope 2005: European network and information security Agency

2003/0032(COD) - 10/03/2004 - Final act

PURPOSE : to establish a European Network and Information Security Agency with a view to ensuring a high and effective level of network and information security within the Community and in order to develop a culture of network and information security for the benefit of the citizens, consumers, enterprises and public sector organisations of the European Union, thus contributing to the smooth functioning of the internal market. **LEGISLATIVE ACT** : Regulation 460/2004/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing the European Network and Information Security Agency. **CONTENT** : the Council adopted at first reading a Regulation establishing the European Network and Information Security Agency, as amended by the European Parliament. The European Network and Information Security Agency is intended to assist the Commission and the Member States in meeting requirements, including those set out in present and future Community legislation, in the light of increased concerns regarding network and information security. The Regulation will enhance the capability of the Community, the Member States and, as a consequence, the business community to prevent, address and to respond to network and information security problems. The Agency will be operational for an initial period of 5 years. It will be located in Greece following the Decision taken by the Heads of State or Government on 13 December 2003. **ENTRY INTO FORCE** : 14/03/2004.

Information society, eEurope 2005: European network and information security Agency

2003/0032(COD) - 11/02/2003 - Legislative proposal

PURPOSE : to present a proposal for a Regulation establishing the European Network and Information Security Agency. **CONTENT** the European Parliament, the Council, and the Commission are advocating closer European co-ordination on information security. The setting up of an entity with a legal personality would be the most efficient way to achieve this objective. The proposal reflects a number of concerns that were expressed during the consultation with the Member States such as the trustworthiness, competence, efficiency and consistency of the proposed Agency. The broad objective of the Agency is to create a common understanding in Europe of issues relating to information security that is necessary to ensure the availability and security of networks and information systems in the Union. To meet this objective the definition of network and information security has to be wide and cover all activities that can have adverse effects on the security of networks and information systems. The Agency shall: - provide assistance in the application of Community measures relating to network and information security. The assistance it provides shall help ensure interoperability of information security functions in networks and information systems, thereby contributing to the functioning of the Internal Market; - enhance the capability of both Community and Member States to respond to network and information security problems. The Agency will play a key role for the security of Europe's networks and information systems and the development of the information society in general; - have advisory and co-ordinating functions, where data on information security is gathered and analysed. Today both public and private organisations with different objectives gather data on IT-incidents and other data relevant to information security. There is, however, no central entity on European level that in a comprehensive manner can collect and analyse data and provide opinions and advice to support the Community's policy work on network and information security; - serve as a centre of expertise where both Member States and Community Institutions can seek advice on technical matters relating to security; - further contribute to a broad co-operation between different actors in the information security field, e.g. to assist in the follow-up activities in support of secure e-business. Such co-operation will be a vital prerequisite for the secure functioning of networks and information systems in Europe. The participation and involvement of all stakeholders is necessary; - contribute to a co-ordinated approach to information security by providing support to Member States. To ensure interoperability of networks and information systems, the Agency will also provide opinions and support for harmonised processes and procedures in the Member States when applying technical requirements that affect security. Not only legal requirements, but to a large extent technical requirements can affect the interoperability and create obstacles to the well functioning Internal Market; - further play a supportive role in the identification of the relevant standardisation needs, and in the promotion of security standards and certification schemes and of their widest possible use by the Commission and the Member States in support of the European legislation. As the network and information security issues are global there is also a need for international co-operation in this field. The Agency will provide support for the Community contacts with relevant parties in third countries. The Agency will be managed by an Executive Director who possess a high degree of independence and flexibility and who will be responsible for the internal functioning of the Agency.

Information society, eEurope 2005: European network and information security Agency

2003/0032(COD) - 05/06/2003

The Council agreed on a general approach, pending the European Parliament's opinion in first reading, on the draft Regulation aimed at establishing a European Network and Information Security Agency. It requested the Permanent Representatives Committee to examine the Parliament's opinion when available so as to enable the Council to adopt a common position at a forthcoming meeting. The general approach was agreed on with two abstentions, by the German and United Kingdom delegations. The text of the general approach includes the main following changes in relation to the Commission's initial proposal: - Limitation of the Agency's activities to an advisory role and deletion of provisions concerning an advisory board. - Modification of the composition of the Management Board to include one representative of each Member State, three representatives appointed by the

Commission and one representative each (without the right to vote) of the information and consumer technologies industry, consumer groups and academic experts in network and information security. - Extension of the Management Board's functions and of its involvement in the day-to-day operation of the Agency.