2003/0144(CNS) CNS - Consultation procedure Regulation Fat content of drinking milk produced in Finland and Sweden: extension of the derogation until 30 April 2009 Amending Regulation (EC) No 2596/97 1997/0271(CNS) Subject 3.10.05.02 Milk and dairy products Geographical area Finland Sweden

Key players						
European Parliament			Rapporteu	eur		Appointed
			DAUL Jos	OAUL Joseph (PPE-DE)		08/09/2003
Council of the European Union	Council configuration Agriculture and Fisheries	Meeting	-		Date 2003-10-13	
European Commission	Commission DG Co		Commis	Commissioner		
	Agriculture and Rural Development					

Key events				
Date	Event	Reference	Summary	
02/07/2003	Legislative proposal published	COM(2003)0372	Summary	
01/09/2003	Committee referral announced in Parliament			
29/09/2003	Vote in committee		Summary	
29/09/2003	Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading	A5-0317/2003		
09/10/2003	Decision by Parliament	T5-0420/2003	Summary	
13/10/2003	Act adopted by Council after consultation of Parliament			
13/10/2003	End of procedure in Parliament			
16/10/2003	Final act published in Official Journal			

Technical information				
Procedure reference 2003/0144(CNS)				
Procedure type	CNS - Consultation procedure			
Procedure subtype	Legislation			
Legislative instrument Regulation				
Amendments and repeals Amending Regulation (EC) No 2596/97 1997/0271(CNS)				
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 52-p1 Adhesion AU, FI, SV N 149-p2			
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed			
Committee dossier	AGRI/5/19788			

Documentation gateway

European Parliament

Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading		A5-0317/2003	29/09/2003	
Text adopted by Parliament, 1st reading/single reading		T5-0420/2003	09/10/2003	Summary

European Commission

Document type	Reference	Date	Summary
Legislative proposal	COM(2003)0372	02/07/2003	Summary

Other institutions and bodies

Institution/body	Document type	Reference	Date	Summary
EESC	Economic and Social Committee: opinion, report	CES1177/2003 OJ C 010 14.01.2004, p. 0087	24/09/2003	

Additional information				
Source	Document	Date		
European Commission	EUR-Lex			

Final act

Fat content of drinking milk produced in Finland and Sweden: extension of the derogation until 30 April 2009

2003/0144(CNS) - 13/10/2003 - Final act

PURPOSE: to extend the period during which transitional measures may be adopted with regard to the fat content requirements for milk. LEGISLATIVE ACT: Council Regulation 1805/2003/EC amending Regulation 2596/97/EC extending the period provided for in Article 149(1) of the Act of Accession of Austria, Finland and Sweden. CONTENT: Regulation 2596/97/EC extends until 31 December 2003 the period during which transitional measures may be adopted with regard to the fat content requirements for milk on the market under the conditions set out in the 1994 Act of Accession. In the milk and milk products sector, the requirements relating to the fat content of milk for human consumption continue to cause difficulties for Finland and Sweden. This Regulation makes use of the possibility afforded by Article 149(2) of the 1994 Act of Accession to extend the period in question, for an additional period running until 30 April 2009. Since the measure indicates a status quo situation, it has no direct financial impact. ENTRY INTO FORCE: 01/01/04.

Fat content of drinking milk produced in Finland and Sweden: extension of the derogation until 30 April 2009

2003/0144(CNS) - 09/10/2003 - Text adopted by Parliament, 1st reading/single reading

The European Parliament adopted a resolution drafted by Joseph DAUL (EPP-ED, France) approving the Commission's proposal.

Fat content of drinking milk produced in Finland and Sweden: extension of the derogation until 30 April 2009

2003/0144(CNS) - 02/07/2003 - Legislative proposal

PURPOSE: to extend the transitional measures relating to the fat content of milk for human consumption in Finland and Sweden. CONTENT: Council Regulation 2596/97/EC extends until 31 December 2003 the period during which transitional measures may be adopted with regard to the fat content requirements for milk on the market under the conditions set out in the Act of Accession of Austria, Finland and Sweden. In the milk and milk products sector the requirements relating to the fat content of milk for human consumption continue to cause difficulties for Finland and Sweden. To take account of the difficulties posed by the application of the Community rules on drinking milk, Finland and Sweden have since their accession benefited from a derogation relating to the fat content requirements for that milk. Originally this derogation was based on the Act of Accession and on the assumption that the Council would be re-examining the fat categories of drinking milk. However, the process of re-examination of the fat categories as well as the consolidation of the relevant rules resulted in the adoption of Regulation 2597/97/EC, which did not permit the integration of all the drinking milk marketed in Finland and Sweden. An initial period of derogation has therefore been extended twice. In December 2001, Finland and Sweden submitted reports on progress in applying those rules indicating that adaptation was causing persistent problems. In view of the persistence of the difficulties which made the derogation necessary, the attached proposal for a Regulation provides for a derogation of 5 years on the understanding that the new period will expire at the same date as the similar transitional arrangements granted for new Member States, and that 2 years before the expiry of all current derogations the Commission will make a report on the market of drinking milk, possibly accompanied by proposals to harmonise the rules covered by Regulation 2597/97/EC. Therefore, it is therefore necessary to make use of the possibility afforded by Article 149, paragraph 2 of the 1994 Act of Accession to extend the period in question. An additional period until 30 April 2009 seems appropriate. This measure proposes a status quo situation and has as such no direct financial impact.