

Basic information	
2004/0270(COD) COD - Ordinary legislative procedure (ex-codecision procedure) Regulation	Procedure completed
Prevention, control and eradication of certain transmissible spongiform encephalopathies (TSEs): extension of the period for transitional measures Amending Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 1998/0323(COD) Subject 3.10.08.05 Animal diseases 3.10.10 Foodstuffs, foodstuffs legislation 4.60.04.04 Food safety	

Key players				
European Parliament	Committee responsible		Rapporteur	Appointed
	ENVI	Environment, Public Health and Food Safety	ROTH-BEHRENDT Dagmar (PSE)	20/01/2005
	Committee for opinion		Rapporteur for opinion	Appointed
	AGRI	Agriculture and Rural Development	The committee decided not to give an opinion.	20/01/2005
Council of the European Union	Council configuration		Meetings	Date
	Agriculture and Fisheries		2662	2005-05-30
European Commission	Commission DG		Commissioner	
	Health and Food Safety			

Key events			
Date	Event	Reference	Summary
06/12/2004	Legislative proposal published	COM(2004)0775 	Summary
14/12/2004	Committee referral announced in Parliament, 1st reading		
20/04/2005	Vote in committee, 1st reading		Summary
22/04/2005	Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading	A6-0098/2005	

10/05/2005	Decision by Parliament, 1st reading	T6-0162/2005	Summary
10/05/2005	Results of vote in Parliament		
30/05/2005	Act adopted by Council after Parliament's 1st reading		
08/06/2005	Final act signed		
08/06/2005	End of procedure in Parliament		
23/06/2005	Final act published in Official Journal		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2004/0270(COD)
Procedure type	COD - Ordinary legislative procedure (ex-codecision procedure)
Procedure subtype	Legislation
Legislative instrument	Regulation
Amendments and repeals	Amending Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 1998/0323(COD)
Legal basis	EC Treaty (after Amsterdam) EC 152-p4b
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	ENVI/6/25370

Documentation gateway				
European Parliament				
Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading		A6-0098/2005	22/04/2005	
Text adopted by Parliament, 1st reading/single reading		T6-0162/2005 OJ C 092 20.04.2006, p. 0018-0061 E	10/05/2005	Summary
Council of the EU				
Document type	Reference	Date	Summary	
Draft final act	03620/1/2005	08/06/2005		
European Commission				
Document type	Reference	Date	Summary	
Legislative proposal	COM(2004)0775 	06/12/2004	Summary	
Commission response to text adopted in plenary	SP(2005)2482	16/06/2005		
Other institutions and bodies				

Institution/body	Document type	Reference	Date	Summary
EESC	Economic and Social Committee: opinion, report	CES0249/2005 OJ C 234 22.09.2005, p. 0026-0027	09/03/2005	

Additional information		
Source	Document	Date
National parliaments	IPEX	
European Commission	EUR-Lex	

Final act
Regulation 2005/0932 OJ L 163 23.06.2005, p. 0001-0002 Summary

Prevention, control and eradication of certain transmissible spongiform encephalopathies (TSEs): extension of the period for transitional measures

2004/0270(COD) - 10/05/2005 - Text adopted by Parliament, 1st reading/single reading

The European Parliament adopted the report by Dagmar ROTH-BEHRENDT (PES, DE). (Please refer to the summary dated 20/04/2004).

Prevention, control and eradication of certain transmissible spongiform encephalopathies (TSEs): extension of the period for transitional measures

2004/0270(COD) - 08/06/2005 - Final act

PURPOSE: extension of the period for transitional measures for the prevention, control and eradication of certain transmissible spongiform encephalopathies.

LEGISLATIVE ACT: Regulation 932/2005/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Regulation 999/2001/EC laying down rules for the prevention, control and eradication of certain transmissible spongiform encephalopathies as regards the extension of the period for transitional measures.

CONTENT: [to recall](#), Regulation 999/2001/EC is intended to provide a single legal framework for transmissible spongiform encephalopathies (TSEs) in the Community. Regulation 1128/2003/EC amending Regulation 999/2001/EC as regards the extension of the period for transitional measures prolonged the period of application of the transitional measures provided for in Regulation 999/2001/EC until 1 July 2005 at the latest.

In order to ensure legal certainty beyond the expiry of the transitional measures provided for in Regulation 999/2001/EC and pending the revision of permanent measures as well as the creation of an overall strategy on TSEs, it is appropriate to extend those transitional measures further until 1 July 2007.

More specifically, the second paragraph of Art 23 of Regulation 999/2001/EC is amended to provide that transitional measures shall be adopted for a period ending on 1 July 2007 at the latest, to permit the change-over from the current arrangements to the arrangements established in that Regulation.

ENTRY INTO FORCE: 01/07/2005.

Prevention, control and eradication of certain transmissible spongiform encephalopathies (TSEs): extension of the period for transitional measures

2004/0270(COD) - 06/12/2004 - Legislative proposal

PURPOSE : to amend the TSE Regulation 999/2001/EC laying down rules for the prevention, control and eradication of certain transmissible spongiform encephalopathies.

PROPOSED ACT : Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council.

CONTENT : this proposal is an amendment to the TSE Regulation on various matters and in the light of new developments since the adoption of the Regulation. The main amendments suggested by the Commission concern the following issues :

- Determination of BSE status : Regulation 1128/2003/EC extended the application of the transitional measures under Article 23 of the TSE Regulation by two years, until 30 June 2005. The aim of this extension was to allow the Commission to continue its attempts to reach an agreement at international level on the determination of BSE status of countries. The World Organisation for Animal health (OIE) presented a proposal to simplify the current criteria for the categorisation of countries according to their BSE risk. Since the Members did not express major objections to the proposal, a proposal for possible adoption will be presented at the OIE General session in May 2005 at the earliest. The intention is to reduce the number of categories, possibly in a step-wise way. To avoid multiple amendments to the Articles of the TSE Regulation pending the final modifications to the number of categories, it is proposed to transfer references to individual categories from the Articles to the Annexes. Moreover, a Resolution was adopted at the OIE General Session in May 2003 according to which OIE will classify all countries into one or other of the defined categories. It may be assumed that OIE will not conclude the final categorisation of countries according to their BSE risk before 1 July 2005. Therefore it is proposed to prolong the period of application of the transitional measures. Therefore it is proposed to prolong the period of application of the transitional measures until 1 July 2007.

- Prevention of TSE : in March 2003, the Scientific Steering Committee (SSC) recommended to start a monitoring programme for TSEs in cervids. The TSE Regulation establishes a monitoring programme for BSE and scrapie. It is proposed to extend this provision to other TSEs, in particular in order to follow the SSC recommendation on cervids. Commission Decision No. 2003/100/EC introduced a harmonised breeding programme to select for resistance to TSEs in ovine animals as a transitional measure. It is proposed to introduce a permanent legal basis for the breeding programme in the TSE Regulation. The TSE Regulation prohibits the feeding of certain processed animal proteins to certain animals, with a possibility to extend the prohibition or lay down derogations in Annex IV. In order to make comprehensive amendments to the Annex, it is proposed to make certain technical amendments to the present wording of the corresponding Articles in order to develop the structure of the Annex. It is proposed to replace the present rules in the TSE Regulation on the disposal of specified risk materials and animals infected by TSEs with a reference to Regulation 1774/2002/EC laying down health rules concerning animal by-products not intended for human consumption. In addition, it is proposed to revise the present provisions on slaughter methods with a view to prohibit gas injection into the cranial cavity in connection with stunning. It is proposed to align the definition of mechanically recovered meat with the definition used in other Community legislation on food safety.

- Control and eradication of TSEs : in order to avoid that animals are moved from holdings where scrapie is officially suspected, it is proposed to lay down the same rules regarding movement restrictions as for bovine animals following the detection of a BSE suspect.

- Placing on the Market : To take account of possible emerging TSEs in other species it is proposed to introduce a possibility to extend the scope of the current provisions on the placing on the market and export of bovine, ovine and caprine animals, their semen, embryos and ova in order to cover other species. The Commission proposes to remove di-calcium phosphate from the list of products which the Regulation currently specifies shall not be subject to restrictions on placing on the market. Since no restrictions apply for milk for human consumption, the same derogation should apply for milk not intended for human consumption within the meaning of Regulation 1774/2002/EC. The list of products which shall not be subject to restrictions on placing on the market by the Regulation shall be modified accordingly.

- Controls : The TSE Regulation provides a legal basis for inspections by the Food and Veterinary Office (FVO) only within the Member States. The Commission considers it useful to lay down certain detailed rules concerning on-the-spot checks carried out in the veterinary field by Commission experts in third countries. It is proposed to amend the Regulation to provide for such checks.

The proposal has no implications for the budget of the European Community.