Basic information

2005/2046(INI) INI - Own-initiative procedure	Procedure completed
Fight against terrorisme: exchange of information and intelligence concerning terrorist offences **Subject** 7.30.20 Action to combat terrorism	

Key players

European Parliament

Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed
LIBE Civil Liberties, Justice and Home Affairs	DUQUESNE Antoine (ALDE)	27/07/2004

Key events

Date	Event	Reference	Summary
28/10/2004	Non-legislative basic document published	B6-0128/2004	
14/04/2005	Committee referral announced in Parliament		
24/05/2005	Vote in committee		Summary
26/05/2005	Committee report tabled for plenary	A6-0165/2005	
07/06/2005	Decision by Parliament	T6-0223/2005	Summary
07/06/2005	Results of vote in Parliament		
07/06/2005	Debate in Parliament		
07/06/2005	End of procedure in Parliament		

Technical information

Procedure reference	2005/2046(INI)
Procedure type	INI - Own-initiative procedure
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 134o-p3
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	LIBE/6/27436

Documentation gateway

European Parliament

Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Non-legislative basic document		B6-0128/2004	28/10/2004	
Amendments tabled in committee		PE357.850	10/05/2005	
Committee report tabled for plenary, single reading		A6-0165/2005	26/05/2005	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		T6-0223/2005 OJ C 124 25.05.2006, p. 0023-0258 E	07/06/2005	Summary

Fight against terrorisme: exchange of information and intelligence concerning terrorist offences

2005/2046(INI) - 07/06/2005 - Text adopted by Parliament, single reading

The European Parliament adopted a resolution based on the own-initiative report drafted by Antoine DUQUESNE (ALDE, BE) on the exchange of information and intelligence concerning terrorist offences. (Please see the document dated 24/05/2005.) Amongst its recommendations, Parliament felt that the Council should base its action on three guidelines:

- making the necessary resources available to identify each of the targets to be achieved, in the clear knowledge that terrorism is not one single phenomenon but on the contrary a multi-faceted problem, which varies according to the type of acts committed, the various terrorist organisations involved and the objectives pursued;

- making the instruments for tackling terrorism more effective by adopting a realistic approach, based on an understanding of the very close links which often exist between the various terrorist organisations and between terrorism and large-scale organised crime, in particular with regard to funding aspects;

- avoiding a large increase in the number of legal instruments to combat terrorism and seeking, instead, to simplify existing instruments.

Further, there should be adopted a handbook of good practices for police officers, providing them with an explanation in simple terms of the context in which they are to act, in particular with regard to the transfer and gathering of information and data protection.

Parliament also made a series of recommendations on data protection and the right to privacy.