

Basic information	
2007/2151(INI) INI - Own-initiative procedure Regional impact of earthquakes Subject 3.70.11 Natural disasters, Solidarity Fund 4.30 Civil protection 4.45.06 Heritage and culture protection, movement of works of art 4.70.05 Regional cooperation, cross-border cooperation	Procedure completed

Key players				
European Parliament	Committee responsible		Rapporteur	Appointed
	REGI Regional Development		VAKALIS Nikolaos (PPE-DE)	25/06/2007
	Committee for opinion		Rapporteur for opinion	Appointed
	CULT Culture and Education		The committee decided not to give an opinion.	
European Commission	Commission DG		Commissioner	
	Regional and Urban Policy		HÜBNER Danuta	

Key events			
Date	Event	Reference	Summary
21/06/2007	Committee referral announced in Parliament		
04/10/2007	Vote in committee		Summary
12/10/2007	Committee report tabled for plenary	A6-0388/2007	
13/11/2007	Debate in Parliament		
14/11/2007	Decision by Parliament	T6-0507/2007	Summary
14/11/2007	Results of vote in Parliament		
14/11/2007	End of procedure in Parliament		

Technical information

Procedure reference	2007/2151(INI)
Procedure type	INI - Own-initiative procedure
Procedure subtype	Initiative
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 55
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	REGI/6/50550

Documentation gateway				
European Parliament				
Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Committee draft report		PE392.190	18/07/2007	
Amendments tabled in committee		PE394.033	17/09/2007	
Committee report tabled for plenary, single reading		A6-0388/2007	12/10/2007	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		T6-0507/2007	14/11/2007	Summary

Regional impact of earthquakes

2007/2151(INI) - 14/11/2007 - Text adopted by Parliament, single reading

The European Parliament adopted a resolution based on the own-initiative report drafted by Nikolaos **VAKALIS** (EPP-ED, EL) on the regional impact of earthquakes. The report calls for a series of regulatory and financial measures to strengthen actions to prevent, address and repair damage caused by earthquakes. Such measures are needed to improve coordination between the authorities involved in tackling earthquakes and providing public information, in particular through the establishment of a **centralised prevention and management instrument**.

Prevention, response and repairing damage: the report calls on the European Commission to draw up a **communication** on earthquake hazards, damage prevention, management and repair and a **technical protocol** for joint action by the EU in the event of earthquake disasters, focusing on critical transport, energy, telecommunications and health infrastructures and on the roles of national, regional and local authorities. The Council and the Commission are called upon to take due account of earthquakes when finalising and implementing the revised legislative framework for civil protection.

The Member States are called upon to:

- include the issue of earthquakes in national and regional strategies for sustainable development and to establish national platforms for the discussion of earthquake risk management and civil protection based on integrated analyses of vulnerability, involving different institutional actors and the relevant partners in civil society;
- speed up research so as to prevent damage, manage crises and minimise the scale of impact of disasters in conjunction with actions under the Seventh Framework Programme for Research and Technological Development;
- consider improving and maintaining ancient buildings and monuments which are of significant historical, cultural, tourist and, by extension, economic importance for many regions of the EU as well as public buildings of strategic importance for civil protection and other critical infrastructures;
- register such buildings and infrastructure and consult the Commission on existing or needed projects and policies which will ensure their protection from earthquakes.

Parliament recognised the special nature of the Mediterranean area and urged the Commission to focus on measures for prevention, education, research, risk management, protection and solidarity at Community level, aiming at a more satisfactory response to the frequent disasters in the region. The Commission was also urged to:

- take due account of earthquakes when finalising and implementing the revised legislative framework for civil protection;
- recommend that the Eurocode 8 instructions be incorporated in the planning regulations of all vulnerable Member States. The report calls on the competent authorities at EU and Member State level to consider whether it is necessary to extend the scope of the implementation of Eurocode 8 to include old buildings in addition to new ones.

Funding: Parliament felt that the future funding of infrastructures under the Structural Funds in the next programming periods must be made conditional upon the implementation of seismic protection measures and upon the definition of such measures by the Member States in their respective Operational Programmes. Furthermore, it encouraged the Member States, where possible, to begin financing earthquake protection measures under

their current Operational Programmes. The Commission and the Member States were urged to promote special European programmes for training and the exchange of best professional practices in the specialist skills required to prevent and deal with earthquakes damage. Parliament called on Member States to use the European Social Fund for this purpose.

The report stated that the Council should decide without delay on the new Solidarity Fund regulation, as part of the co-decision procedure, so as to help repair damage fast and flexibly, including simplifying the requisite financial procedure (Parliament made its observations on time limits and eligible actions in May 2006). Parliament pointed out the need to involve other existing resources, such as regional state aid and European Investment Bank loans with a view to preventing and repairing the damage caused by earthquakes and promoting the relevant insurance schemes.

Coordination: MEPs appealed for mechanisms to coordinate the actions of Community, national, regional and local players in the spirit of the May 2006 [Barnier report](#) and called for closer cooperation between Member States based on a binding coordination system concerning prevention, management and protection measures, including observation and early warning mechanisms, databases and the exchange of best practices. They urged, in order to facilitate this process, each Member State to create a single, coordinated civil-defence management system. Parliament reiterated its support for a European Civil Protection Force and the Commission was asked to submit a proposal in this connection. A European Civil Protection Force only made sense on the basis of improved national civil protection schemes, and of better instruments for coordination between Member States.

Lastly, the report called on the Commission to evaluate all existing preventive, management and civil protection instruments to deal with natural disasters promoted by various EU policies (environment, cohesion policy, research, etc.) and to propose, in the interests of simplification and improved coordination, a centralised prevention and management instrument.