Basic information

2007/2518(RSP) RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects	Procedure completed
Resolution on the dialogue between the Chinese Government and the Dalai Lama's envoys **Subject** 6.10.08 Fundamental freedoms, human rights, democracy in general **Geographical area** China	

Key events

Date	Event	Reference	Summary
15/02/2007	Decision by Parliament	T6-0055/2007	Summary
15/02/2007	Results of vote in Parliament		
15/02/2007	Debate in Parliament		
15/02/2007	End of procedure in Parliament		

Technical information

Procedure reference	2007/2518(RSP)
Procedure type	RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects
Procedure subtype	Urgent debate or resolution
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 150
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed

Documentation gateway

European Parliament

Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Motion for a resolution		B6-0051/2007	13/02/2007	
Motion for a resolution		B6-0053/2007	13/02/2007	
Motion for a resolution		B6-0057/2007	13/02/2007	
Motion for a resolution		B6-0059/2007	13/02/2007	
Motion for a resolution		B6-0061/2007	13/02/2007	
Motion for a resolution		B6-0066/2007	13/02/2007	
Text adopted by Parliament, topical subjects		T6-0055/2007	15/02/2007	Summary

European Commission

Document type	Reference	Date	Summary
Commission response to text adopted in plenary	SP(2007)1040	21/03/2007	

Resolution on the dialogue between the Chinese Government and the Dalai Lama's envoys

2007/2518(RSP) - 15/02/2007 - Text adopted by Parliament, topical subjects

The European Parliament adopted by 71 votes to 0, with 1 abstention, a resolution on the dialogue between the Chinese Government and Envoys of the Dalai Lama.

The text adopted in plenary had been tabled as a joint resolution by the EPP-ED, PES, ALDE, UEN, Greens/EFA and GUE/NGL groups.

The Parliament urges the Government of the People's Republic of China and His Holiness the Dalai Lama, notwithstanding their differences on certain substantive issues, to resume and continue their dialogue, without preconditions and in a forward-looking manner that allows for pragmatic solutions to be reached which respect the territorial integrity of China and fulfil the aspirations of the Tibetan people.

The Council, the Commission and Member States are called upon to actively support the strengthening of the dialogue and, in the absence of tangible results on substantive issues, assess what further role the European Union could play to facilitate a negotiated solution for Tibet, including through the appointment of an EU Special Representative for Tibet.

Moreover, the Commission is called upon to raise the question of Tibet and the resumption of talks between the two sides during the negotiations on the new EU-China Partnership and Cooperation Framework Agreement.