

Basic information	
2012/2328(DEC) DEC - Discharge procedure Special report 19/2012: 2011 report on the follow-up of the European Court of Auditors' special reports Subject 8.70.03.07 Previous discharges	Procedure lapsed or withdrawn

Key players					
European Commission	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Commission DG</th> <th>Commissioner</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Budget</td> <td>ŠEMETA Algirdas</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Commission DG	Commissioner	Budget	ŠEMETA Algirdas
	Commission DG	Commissioner			
Budget	ŠEMETA Algirdas				

Key events			
Date	Event	Reference	Summary
14/12/2012	Non-legislative basic document published	N7-0137/2012	Summary
15/01/2013	Committee referral announced in Parliament		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2012/2328(DEC)
Procedure type	DEC - Discharge procedure
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 101
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure lapsed or withdrawn
Committee dossier	CONT/7/11574

Documentation gateway				
Other institutions and bodies				
Institution/body	Document type	Reference	Date	Summary
CofA	Non-legislative basic document	N7-0137/2012	14/12/2012	Summary

Additional information		
Source	Document	Date
European Commission	EUR-Lex	

Special report 19/2012: 2011 report on the follow-up of the European Court of Auditors' special reports

2012/2328(DEC) - 14/12/2012 - Non-legislative basic document

PURPOSE: to present the European Court of Auditor's Special Report 19/2012 on the ways to improve the financial management of the EU budget.

CONTENT: in its special report on the follow-up of the European Court of Auditors' Special Reports relating to 2011, the Court reviews the extent to which the Commission has implemented the recommendations of seven of the Court's special reports from the 2003-2009 period.

The Special Reports followed up covered three budgetary areas:

- agriculture,
- energy, and
- external actions.

The Court assessed the actions taken by the Commission in response to the Court's recommendations. The follow-up of audit reports is considered by international auditing standards as the final stage in the performance audit cycle of planning, execution and follow-up.

Approximately two-thirds of the recommendations reviewed related to effectiveness issues (e.g. the setting of strategic objectives, the preparation of project proposals, the design of projects, project performance, and monitoring and evaluation), with the remaining recommendations dealing with economy and efficiency issues (e.g. the occurrence of overpayments and the quality and timeliness of project selection methods).

The Commission has fully implemented 29% of the recommendations examined, while 49 % have been implemented in most respects, 20% in some respects, and 2% have not been implemented. Non-implementation only occurred in one case.

The Court found that the Commission has a system in place to manage the implementation of the Court's recommendations and the requests by the Parliament and Council, but this system needs to be strengthened to enable the Commission to respond in a timely, efficient, and effective manner.

Court's conclusions: the Court's follow-up exercise indicates that, the Court's audit reports have contributed to improvements in financial management taking place in a number of areas of the EU budget.