Basic information

2012/2924(RSP) RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects	Procedure completed
Resolution on trade negotiations between the EU and Mercosur **Subject** 6.20.03 Bilateral economic and trade agreements and relations 6.40.10 Relations with Latin America, Central America, Caribbean islands	

Key players

European Commission	Commission DG	Commissioner
	Trade and Economic Security	DE GUCHT Karel

Key events

Date	Event	Reference	Summary
17/01/2013	Decision by Parliament	T7-0030/2013	Summary
17/01/2013	Results of vote in Parliament		
17/01/2013	Debate in Parliament		
17/01/2013	End of procedure in Parliament		

Technical information

Procedure reference	2012/2924(RSP)
Procedure type	RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects
Procedure subtype	Debate or resolution on oral question/interpellation
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 142-p5
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed

Documentation gateway

European Parliament

Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Motion for a resolution		B7-0008/2013	09/01/2013	
Motion for a resolution		B7-0009/2013	09/01/2013	
Motion for a resolution		B7-0017/2013	09/01/2013	

Motion for a resolution		B7-0018/2013	09/01/2013	
Motion for a resolution		B7-0019/2013	09/01/2013	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		T7-0030/2013	17/01/2013	Summary

European Commission

Document type	Reference	Date	Summary
Commission response to text adopted in plenary	SP(2013)251	19/06/2013	

Resolution on trade negotiations between the EU and Mercosur

2012/2924(RSP) - 17/01/2013 - Text adopted by Parliament, single reading

The European Parliament adopted by 284 votes to 87 with 7 abstentions a resolution on trade negotiations between the EU and Mercosur.

The resolution was tabled by the EPP, S&D, ALDE, and ECR groups.

It stresses the **economic and political importance of the EU-Mercosur negotiations, launched in 2010** with the objective of arriving at a balanced, fair, ambitious, comprehensive and mutually beneficial agreement in all sectors covered by the agreement. Since 2010, nine negotiating rounds have taken place. Members note the progress made in the past two years on the normative part of the trade pillar of the agreement, but **regret the slow pace of the negotiations and the lack of any substantial progress to date.** They believe that, for such negotiations to be successful, both sides must approach the talks in a spirit of openness and mutual trust and, this being so, Parliament **deplores the protectionist measures on trade and investment taken by some Mercosur countries in recent months**. It highlights the need to create a stable framework for better investment protection.

Members recall that EU-Mercosur trade represents nearly as much as EU trade with the rest of Latin America taken together. The EU is Mercosur's largest trading partner and the largest investor in Mercosur, and Mercosur ranks eighth among EU trading partners. Members call for closer cooperation between the EU and Mercosur, and believe that deeper integration of the European and Mercosur economies will be beneficial to both sides.

Parliament takes the view that the next EU-Mercosur Ministerial Meeting to be held at the end of January 2013 in parallel with the CELAC-EU Summit in Santiago, Chile, should be seen as a major opportunity to make clear and significant political commitments and to progress further in the negotiations for this interregional agreement involving 800 million citizens.

In this context, Parliament urges **both parties to bring sufficient political motivation and significant political backing** to the table, so as to proceed with the exchange of sufficiently ambitious market access offers on goods, services, investments and the other chapters of the trade pillar of the agreement.

It reiterates the importance of including respect for democratic principles, fundamental and human rights and the rule of law as well as environmental and social standards in all trade agreements concluded between the EU and third countries, in order to achieve greater coherence in external actions, both reflecting the EU's economic interests and promoting its fundamental values.