Basic information

2013/2640(RSP) RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects	Procedure completed
Resolution on India: execution of Mohammad Afzal Guru and its implications **Subject** 6.10.08 Fundamental freedoms, human rights, democracy in general **Geographical area** India	

Key events

Date	Event	Reference	Summary
23/05/2013	Decision by Parliament	T7-0232/2013	Summary
23/05/2013	Results of vote in Parliament		
23/05/2013	Debate in Parliament		
23/05/2013	End of procedure in Parliament		

Technical information

Procedure reference	2013/2640(RSP)
Procedure type	RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects
Procedure subtype	Urgent debate or resolution
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 150
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed

Documentation gateway

European Parliament

Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Motion for a resolution		B7-0235/2013	21/05/2013	
Motion for a resolution		B7-0237/2013	21/05/2013	
Motion for a resolution		B7-0238/2013	21/05/2013	
Motion for a resolution		B7-0241/2013	21/05/2013	
Motion for a resolution		B7-0242/2013	21/05/2013	
Motion for a resolution		B7-0245/2013	21/05/2013	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		T7-0232/2013	23/05/2013	Summary

Resolution on India: execution of Mohammad Afzal Guru and its implications

2013/2640(RSP) - 23/05/2013 - Text adopted by Parliament, single reading

The European Parliament adopted a resolution on India: execution of Mohammad Afzal Guru and its implications.

The resolution was tabled by the Greens/EFA, EPP, S&D, ALDE and GUE/NGL groups.

It **condemns the Government of India's execution** in secret on 9 February 2013 of Afzal Guru who was convicted of conspiracy in relation to the December 2001 attack on the Parliament of India. Members state that the **execution is in opposition to the worldwide trend towards the abolition of capital punishment,** noting that 154 countries in the world have abolished the death penalty de jure or de facto.

Parliament reiterates its long-standing opposition to the death penalty, which is the ultimate cruel, inhuman and degrading punishment, violating the right to life as enshrined in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights. It calls on the Government of India not to approve any execution order in the future, and to adopt legislation introducing a permanent moratorium on executions, with the objective of abolishing the death penalty in the near future.