Basic information

2013/2697(RSP) RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects	Procedure completed
Resolution on the crisis in Egypt **Subject** 6.10.04 Third-country political situation, local and regional conflicts **Geographical area** Egypt	

Key events

Date	Event	Reference	Summary
03/07/2013	Debate in Parliament		
04/07/2013	Decision by Parliament	T7-0333/2013	Summary
04/07/2013	Results of vote in Parliament		
04/07/2013	End of procedure in Parliament		

Technical information

Procedure reference	2013/2697(RSP)
Procedure type	RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects
Procedure subtype	Resolution on statement
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 136-p2
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed

Documentation gateway

European Parliament

Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Motion for a resolution		B7-0362/2013	02/07/2013	
Motion for a resolution		B7-0363/2013	02/07/2013	
Motion for a resolution		B7-0364/2013	02/07/2013	
Motion for a resolution		B7-0365/2013	02/07/2013	
Motion for a resolution		B7-0366/2013	02/07/2013	
Motion for a resolution		B7-0367/2013	02/07/2013	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		T7-0333/2013	04/07/2013	Summary

Resolution on the crisis in Egypt

2013/2697(RSP) - 04/07/2013 - Text adopted by Parliament, single reading

The European Parliament adopted a resolution **expressing its deep concern at the situation in Egypt following the military intervention of 4 July 2013.**

The resolution was tabled by the EPP, S&D, ECR, Greens/EFA and ALDE groups.

It underlines that power should be transferred to democratically-elected civilian authorities as soon as possible, and expresses its fundamental solidarity with all those Egyptians who cherish democratic aspirations for their country. Members **call for a rapid return to the democratic process**, including the holding of free and fair presidential and parliamentary elections in a fully inclusive process with the participation of all democratic actors. The resolution follows the events of 4 July 2013, when the Supreme Council of the Armed Forces announced the suspension of the constitution, the transfer of power to the head of the High Constitutional Court until early presidential elections are held, and the forming of a national coalition government and a committee to look into amendments to the constitution.