

Basic information	
2014/2964(RSP) RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects	Procedure completed
Resolution on recognition of Palestine statehood Subject 6.40.05.06 Relations with the countries of the Middle East 6.40.13 Relations with/in the context of international organisations: UN, OSCE, OECD, Council of Europe, EBRD Geographical area Palestine	

Key events			
Date	Event	Reference	Summary
26/11/2014	Debate in Parliament		
17/12/2014	Decision by Parliament	T8-0103/2014	Summary
17/12/2014	Results of vote in Parliament		
17/12/2014	End of procedure in Parliament		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2014/2964(RSP)
Procedure type	RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects
Procedure subtype	Resolution on statement
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 136-p2
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed

Documentation gateway				
European Parliament				
Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Motion for a resolution		B8-0277/2014	10/12/2014	
Motion for a resolution		B8-0309/2014	10/12/2014	
Motion for a resolution		B8-0310/2014	10/12/2014	
Motion for a resolution		B8-0349/2014	10/12/2014	
Motion for a resolution		B8-0357/2014	10/12/2014	
Motion for a resolution		B8-0359/2014	10/12/2014	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		T8-0103/2014	17/12/2014	Summary

Resolution on recognition of Palestine statehood

2014/2964(RSP) - 17/12/2014 - Text adopted by Parliament, single reading

The European Parliament adopted by 498 votes to 88, with 111 abstentions, a resolution on recognition of Palestine statehood.

The resolution was tabled by the EPP, GUE/NGL, ALDE, S&D and Greens/EFA groups.

Members stated their **support in principle recognition of Palestinian statehood and the two state solution**, and felt that these should go hand in hand with advanced peace talks. They decided to **launch a 'Parliamentarians for Peace' initiative** aiming to bring together cross-party Members of European, Israeli and Palestinian Parliaments to help advance an agenda for peace and to complement EU diplomatic efforts. Parliament also reiterated its strong support for the two-state solution on the basis of the 1967 borders, with Jerusalem as the capital of both states, with the secure State of Israel and an independent, democratic, contiguous and viable Palestinian State living side by side in peace and security. It underlined that **settlements were illegal** and called on both parties to refrain from any action that may undermine the viability and the prospects of the two-state solution.

It condemned in the strongest terms all acts of terrorism or violence, warning particularly about the **risks of further escalation of violence involving holy sites**, which could transform the Israeli-Palestinian conflict into a religious conflict. Members wanted to see political leaders from all sides working together through visible actions to de-escalate the situation.

They went on to support the efforts of the Palestinian national consensus government and urged all Palestinian factions, including **Hamas, to accept the commitments of the PLO and end internal divisions**.

Parliament called for continued EU support and assistance for Palestinian institutional capacity-building. It believed that the **European Union should become a genuine actor and facilitator in the Middle East peace process**, through a common approach and a comprehensive strategy for a solution to the Israeli-Palestinian conflict. It called on the HR/VP to facilitate a common EU position in this regard.