

Basic information	
2015/2543(RSP) RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects	Procedure completed
Resolution on the alcohol strategy Subject 4.20.03 Drug addiction, alcoholism, smoking	

Key players				
European Parliament	Committee responsible		Rapporteur	Appointed
	<div style="border: 1px solid red; display: inline-block; padding: 2px;">ENVI</div> Environment, Climate and Food Safety		CIRIO Alberto (PPE) WILLMOTT Dame Glenis (S&D) PRETZELL Marcus (ECR) FARIA José Inácio (ALDE) OMARJEE Younous (GUE /NGL) PEDICINI Piernicola (EFDD)	03/12/2014 03/12/2014 03/12/2014 03/12/2014 03/12/2014 03/12/2014
European Commission	Commission DG		Commissioner	
	Health and Food Safety		ANDRIUKAITIS Vytenis Povilas	

Key events			
Date	Event	Reference	Summary
27/04/2015	Debate in Parliament		
29/04/2015	Decision by Parliament	T8-0174/2015	Summary
29/04/2015	Results of vote in Parliament		
29/04/2015	End of procedure in Parliament		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2015/2543(RSP)
Procedure type	RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects
Procedure subtype	Debate or resolution on oral question/interpellation

Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 136-p2
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	ENVI/8/02218

Documentation gateway				
European Parliament				
Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Amendments tabled in committee		PE549.216	13/02/2015	
Amendments tabled in committee		PE549.237	13/02/2015	
Amendments tabled in committee		PE549.238	13/02/2015	
Amendments tabled in committee		PE549.239	13/02/2015	
Motion for a resolution		B8-0357/2015	27/04/2015	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		T8-0174/2015	29/04/2015	Summary
European Commission				
Document type		Reference	Date	Summary
Commission response to text adopted in plenary		SP(2015)461	22/09/2015	

Resolution on the alcohol strategy

2015/2543(RSP) - 29/04/2015 - Text adopted by Parliament, single reading

The European Parliament adopted a resolution on Alcohol Strategy.

The text adopted in plenary had been tabled by the EPP, S&D, ECR, ALDE, GUE/NGL, Greens/EFA and EFDD groups.

Parliament reiterated the importance of a **strong political commitment** from the Commission, Parliament, the Council and the Member States to increase efforts to prevent alcohol related harm.

It called on the Commission to begin work immediately on the **new EU Alcohol Strategy (2016-2022)** with the same objectives, updating the regulatory framework so as to:

- assist national governments in dealing with alcohol-related harm,
- support monitoring and the collection of reliable data,
- encourage prevention and health promotion and education, early diagnosis, improved access to treatment, continuous support to those affected and their families, including counselling programmes,
- reduce traffic accidents caused by drink driving.

Parliament urged the Commission to:

- come forward with the corresponding legislative proposal at the latest in 2016 concerning the **calorie content of alcoholic beverages** on labels;
- launch an EU-wide information campaign warning **pregnant women** not to consume alcohol, and to examine the effect of labelling on this issue and come forward with corresponding legislative proposal at the latest in 2016;
- consider EU-wide labelling alerting consumers to the **dangers of drinking and driving**;
- properly address the **cross-border sale of alcohol on the internet**;
- conduct campaigns to raise awareness of the dangers of **binge drinking**, especially for under-age people;
- closely monitor the implementation of Directive 2010/13/EU on audiovisual media services and to consider its revision with respect to the **marketing of alcohol** to young people and alcohol sponsorship;
- maintain in its strategy financial support for effective and **science-based projects** addressing alcohol-abuse-related harm and the understanding of the underlying causes of alcohol abuse, under the new Health Programme and the Horizon 2020 Programme.

Member States are called upon to:

- strictly enforce the existing national legislation on **age limits** on alcohol consumption and to evaluate the need for further legally binding requirements to ensure the effective protection of minors;
- implement policies and **treatments** within their healthcare systems that reduce alcohol addiction in individuals;
- increase their efforts to **educate the general public**, particularly minors and pregnant women, on the harmful effects of alcohol consumption and, where required, to legislate accordingly;
- draw up **strict regulations** on the marketing of alcoholic beverages, particularly to minors;
- consider the appropriateness of introducing national policies aimed at preventing the sale of **very cheap alcohol**;
- **raise awareness of the consequences of alcohol abuse** and put in place screening programmes and short interventions in cases of harmful and dangerous alcohol consumption.

Lastly, Parliament called on the Commission and the Member States to invest in education in order to stress the effects on health and society of harmful alcohol consumption while promoting moderation and responsibility in the consumption of alcoholic drink.