

Basic information	
2015/2652(RSP) RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects Resolution on the outbreak of Xylella fastidiosa affecting olive trees Subject 3.10.06.06 Oleaginous plants 3.10.09.02 Plant health legislation	Procedure completed

Key players				
European Parliament	Committee responsible		Rapporteur	Appointed
	<div style="border: 1px solid red; display: inline-block; padding: 2px;">AGRI</div> Agriculture and Rural Development		SIEKIERSKI Czesław Adam (PPE)	29/04/2015
			Shadow rapporteur SENRA RODRÍGUEZ Maria Lidia (GUE/NGL)	
European Commission	Commission DG		Commissioner	
	Agriculture and Rural Development		HOGAN Phil	

Key events			
Date	Event	Reference	Summary
30/04/2015	Debate in Parliament		
20/05/2015	Decision by Parliament	T8-0209/2015	Summary
20/05/2015	Results of vote in Parliament		
20/05/2015	End of procedure in Parliament		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2015/2652(RSP)
Procedure type	RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects
Procedure subtype	Debate or resolution on oral question/interpellation
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 142-p5
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed

Documentation gateway

European Parliament

Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Motion for a resolution		B8-0450/2015	18/05/2015	
Motion for a resolution		B8-0451/2015	18/05/2015	
Motion for a resolution		B8-0452/2015	18/05/2015	
Motion for a resolution		B8-0456/2015	18/05/2015	
Motion for a resolution		B8-0457/2015	18/05/2015	
Motion for a resolution		B8-0458/2015	18/05/2015	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		T8-0209/2015	20/05/2015	Summary

European Commission

Document type	Reference	Date	Summary
Commission response to text adopted in plenary	SP(2015)470	24/09/2015	

Resolution on the outbreak of *Xylella fastidiosa* affecting olive trees

2015/2652(RSP) - 20/05/2015 - Text adopted by Parliament, single reading

The European Parliament adopted by 507 votes to 115, with 37 abstentions, a resolution on the outbreak of *Xylella fastidiosa* affecting olive trees.

The resolution was tabled by the EPP, S&D, ECR and ALDE groups.

Members recalled that the *Xylella fastidiosa* is a highly dangerous immediate threat to the production in southern Europe of certain crops, including olive, almond and peach trees and ornamental plants. It is a potential threat to vineyards, citrus trees and other crops and could lead to unprecedented and devastating losses, with dramatic economic, environmental and social consequences.

The strain infecting olive trees in the **Apulia region** is different from the isolates causing disease in grapevine or citrus in other parts of the world.

Noting that the implementing decisions taken before April 2015 by the Commission focused mainly on internal actions to fight the outbreak, Members stressed that they **did not include strong measures to prevent the entry of the disease into the EU** from third countries.

Therefore, Parliament called on the Commission to take targeted measures against *Xylella fastidiosa* in order to prevent the import of infected material into the EU.

They regretted the fact that very often the Commission does not react quickly enough to prevent the entry into the EU of plant diseases from third countries. It considered that, especially in view of the onset of summer, the Commission should take effective measures to avoid the spread of *Xylella fastidiosa* within the EU, in particular by targeting the crops most at risk, while not neglecting other crops that could also be seriously affected by the disease.

Further measures called for include:

- compensating producers for eradication measures and loss of revenue;
- identifying incentives for producers implementing preventive measures and ensuring that sufficient financial and human resources are available to implement the relevant strategies;
- promoting intensified research efforts on *Xylella fastidiosa*;
- running information campaigns in potentially affected areas of the EU;
- warning travellers about the risks of introducing infected plants from countries affected by *Xylella fastidiosa* into the EU.

The Commission is called upon to draft, in a transparent manner, comprehensive guidelines for the implementation of preventive and disease control measures, with clear indications of their scope and duration that can be used as a support tool by the competent authorities and services in the Member States.

Lastly, Parliament called on the Commission to establish an annual report on the measures taken on this issue.