Basic information

2016/2664(RSP) RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects	Procedure completed
Resolution on the EU strategic objectives for the 17th meeting of the Conference of the Parties to the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES) (Johannesburg, South Africa, 24 September - 5 October 2016) **Subject** 3.70.01 Protection of natural resources: fauna, flora, nature, wildlife, countryside; biodiversity 3.70.18 International and regional environment protection measures and agreements	

Key players

European Parliament

Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed
ENVI Environment, Climate and Food Safety	LINS Norbert (PPE)	25/02/2016
	POC Pavel (S&D)	25/02/2016
	GIRLING Julie (ECR)	25/02/2016
	GERBRANDY Gerben-Jan (ALDE)	25/02/2016
	OMARJEE Younous (GUE/NGL)	25/02/2016
	TAYLOR Keith (Verts/ALE)	25/02/2016
	AFFRONTE Marco (EFDD)	

European Commission

Commission DG	Commissioner
Environment	VELLA Karmenu

Key events

Date	Event	Reference	Summary
13/09/2016	Debate in Parliament		
15/09/2016	Decision by Parliament	T8-0356/2016	Summary
15/09/2016	Results of vote in Parliament		
15/09/2016	End of procedure in Parliament		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2016/2664(RSP)
Procedure type	RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects
Procedure subtype	Debate or resolution on oral question/interpellation
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 142-p5
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	ENVI/8/06006

Documentation gateway

European Parliament

Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Amendments tabled in committee		PE584.234	23/06/2016	
Motion for a resolution		B8-0987/2016	12/09/2016	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		T8-0356/2016	15/09/2016	Summary

European Commission

Document type	Reference	Date	Summary
Commission document (COM)	COM(2016)0437	01/07/2016	
Commission response to text adopted in plenary	SP(2016)876	21/12/2016	

Resolution on the EU strategic objectives for the 17th meeting of the Conference of the Parties to the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES) (Johannesburg, South Africa, 24 September - 5 October 2016)

2016/2664(RSP) - 15/09/2016 - Text adopted by Parliament, single reading

The European Parliament adopted a resolution on the EU strategic objectives for the 17th meeting of the Conference of the Parties to the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES), to be held in Johannesburg (South Africa) from 24 September to 5 October 2016.

Members welcomed the EU's accession to CITES. The Union became a party to CITES in 2015 and that it will be voting with 28 votes on issues of EU competence at the CITES CoP.

Parliament the fact that the EU is participating for the first time as a party, and supports the proposals made by the EU and its Member States, in particular the proposed resolutions on: (i) corruption and on hunting trophies, (ii) the extension of CITES protection to a number of species imported into the EU, notably as pets, and (iii) the proposed amendments to Resolution 13.7 (Rev. CoP 14) on the control of trade in personal and household effects.

The EU and its Member States are called upon to adhere to the **precautionary principle** with regard to species protection in all their decisions on working documents and listing proposals taking account, in particular, of the **user-pays principle**, the principle of preventive action and the ecosystem approach.

The EU is urged to adopt **legislation to reduce illegal trade** by making it illegal to import, export, sell, acquire or buy wild animals or plants which are taken, possessed, transported or sold in violation of the law of the country of origin or transit.

Parliament encouraged the Member States to:

- ban the **export of raw ivory**, as already do Germany, Sweden, the United Kingdom and some US States;
- increase their vigilance with regard to **marketing certificates** on their territory;
- make the fight against fraud effective, in particular at borders;
- launch **destruction** operations of illegal ivory;
- strengthen the **penalties** for trafficking in protected species (notably elephants, rhinos, tigers, primates and varieties of tropical wood);

Parliament encouraged the EU and its Member States, and the wider CITES Parties, further to Articles III, IV and V of the Convention, to promote and support initiatives to **improve the welfare of live CITES-listed animals** in trade.

Transparency and reporting: Members welcomed all voluntary and procedural efforts to increase transparency in CITES governance; strongly opposes the use of secret ballots as a general practice within CITES.

Considering that **traceability** is essential for legal and sustainable trade, whether commercial or non-commercial, Members highlighted the need for the implementation by all Parties of the e-permitting system, which should be organised transparently and jointly by all of them. They welcomed the decision made at COP 16 on **regular reporting** by CITES Parties on illegal trade.

Wildlife trafficking and corruption: Parliament called for strong and effective anti-corruption measures in the fight against wildlife trafficking. It called for:

- the adoption of a **robust system for recording, monitoring and certifying trade** in ranched or captive-bred species, in both countries of origin and the EU, in order to prevent this abuse;
- the development of further guidance and to support the development of additional techniques and methodologies to differentiate between species originating from captive production facilities and species from the wild.

Enforcement and funding: highlighting the importance of joint international cooperation between all actors in the enforcement chain, Parliament called on the Parties to:

- ensure **effective prosecution** of persons who commit offences related to wildlife and to ensure that they are punished in a manner commensurate with the seriousness of their actions;
- adopt and implement clear and effective policies to **discourage the consumption** of products derived from vulnerable wildlife species;
- support the development of livelihoods for the **local communities** closest to the wildlife concerned and to involve these communities in the fight against poaching.

Parliament stressed the need to **increase the funding** being made available for wildlife conservation and capacity-building programmes. It encouraged the Parties to consider increasing the core budget of CITES to reflect inflation and to ensure the proper functioning of the CITES Convention.

Lastly, regarding **amendments to the CITES Appendices**, Parliament expressed its strong support for the listing proposals submitted by the EU and its Member States.