

Basic information	
<b>2017/2653(RSP)</b> RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects High-level UN conference to support the implementation of SDG 14 (UN Ocean Conference) <b>Subject</b> 3.15.15 Fisheries agreements and cooperation 3.20.15.06 Maritime or inland transport agreements and cooperation	Procedure completed

Key players			
European Parliament	<b>Committee responsible</b>	<b>Rapporteur</b>	<b>Appointed</b>
	PECH Fisheries	CADEC Alain (PPE)	20/04/2017

Key events			
Date	Event	Reference	Summary
31/05/2017	Debate in Parliament		
01/06/2017	Decision by Parliament	T8-0244/2017	Summary
01/06/2017	Results of vote in Parliament		
01/06/2017	End of procedure in Parliament		

Technical information	
<b>Procedure reference</b>	2017/2653(RSP)
<b>Procedure type</b>	RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects
<b>Procedure subtype</b>	Debate or resolution on oral question/interpellation
<b>Stage reached in procedure</b>	Procedure completed
<b>Committee dossier</b>	PECH/8/09652

Documentation gateway				
European Parliament				
Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Motion for a resolution		B8-0382/2017	31/05/2017	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		T8-0244/2017	01/06/2017	Summary

<b>European Commission</b>			
Document type	Reference	Date	Summary
Commission response to text adopted in plenary	SP(2017)536	06/10/2017	

<b>Additional information</b>		
Source	Document	Date
EP Research Service	Study	

## High-level UN conference to support the implementation of SDG 14 (UN Ocean Conference)

2017/2653(RSP) - 01/06/2017 - Text adopted by Parliament, single reading

The European Parliament adopted a resolution, prepared by its Committee on Development, on the High-Level UN Conference to Support the Implementation of SDG 14 (UN Ocean Conference).

Members recalled the upcoming high-level UN conference to support the implementation of SDG 14 (UN Ocean Conference), to be convened at UN headquarters from 5 to 9 June 2017.

They noted that despite the world's commitment to curb overfishing by 2015, made in 2002 at the World Summit on Sustainable Development in Johannesburg, 31.4 % of the world's fish stocks are still overfished. However, overfishing is a **serious threat** not only to entire marine ecosystems but also to **food security and to the economic and social sustainability** of coastal communities worldwide.

Members expressed concern about ocean acidification caused by increasing levels of carbon dioxide.

According to Members, an ecosystem-based and precautionary approach is needed to implement global fisheries management.

In parallel, they encouraged Member States to assume their respective responsibilities as flag, coastal, port and market states, in particular by:

- **flag state:** full implementation of the international and national management measures to ensure that vessels flying their flag respect the rules;
- **coastal state:** ensuring sustainable fishing in waters under their jurisdiction and controlling access to those waters in order to prevent illegal, unreported and unregulated (IUU) fishing;
- **port state:** ratification and full implementation of the FAO (Food and Agriculture Organisation) Port State Measures Agreement;
- **market state:** taking measures to ensure better coordination between the fight against IUU fishing and trade and market policy.

While recalling the importance of conserving at least 10 % of coastal and marine areas, in line with UN Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) 14.5, Members called for **reinforced regional cooperation among all states in fisheries management** for a sustainable and equitable exploitation of migratory species.

They also believe that all commercially exploited species should be covered by Regional Fisheries Management Organisations (RFMOs) with increased powers to efficiently enforce management decisions and sanctions.