

Basic information	
2017/2712(RSP) RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects	Procedure completed
Resolution on whale hunting in Norway Subject 3.70.01 Protection of natural resources: fauna, flora, nature, wildlife, countryside; biodiversity Geographical area Norway	

Key players			
European Parliament	Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed
	<div style="border: 1px solid red; display: inline-block; padding: 2px;">ENVI</div> Environment, Climate and Food Safety	PIETIKÄINEN Sirpa (PPE) BRIANO Renata (S&D) DEMESMAEKER Mark (ECR) BEARDER Catherine (ALDE) HAZEKAMP Anja (GUE/NGL) TAYLOR Keith (Verts/ALE) EVI Eleonora (EFDD)	05/05/2017 05/05/2017 05/05/2017 05/05/2017 05/05/2017 05/05/2017

Key events			
Date	Event	Reference	Summary
06/07/2017	Debate in Parliament		
12/09/2017	Decision by Parliament	T8-0328/2017	Summary
12/09/2017	Results of vote in Parliament		
12/09/2017	End of procedure in Parliament		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2017/2712(RSP)
Procedure type	RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects

Procedure subtype	Debate or resolution on oral question/interpellation
Other legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 142-p5
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	ENVI/8/09893

Documentation gateway				
European Parliament				
Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Motion for a resolution		B8-0499/2017	12/09/2017	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		T8-0328/2017	12/09/2017	Summary
European Commission				
Document type		Reference	Date	Summary
Commission response to text adopted in plenary		SP(2017)780	21/02/2018	

Resolution on whale hunting in Norway

2017/2712(RSP) - 12/09/2017 - Text adopted by Parliament, single reading

The European Parliament adopted a resolution on whale hunting in Norway.

The text adopted in plenary was tabled by the EPP, S&D, ECR, ALDE, GUE/NGL, EFDD and Greens/EFA groups.

It called on Norway to **cease all its commercial whaling operations** and to abide by the 1982 the International Whaling Commission (IWC) moratorium on all commercial whaling, which came into effect in 1986 and is still in force. Norway has killed over 13 000 whales since the moratorium came into effect in 1986 and media sources estimate that approximately 90 % of these whales are female, most of them pregnant, by reason of their slower response time.

Parliament also called on Norway to **withdraw its reservations concerning the CITES Appendix I listings of large whale species** and to **cease all trade in whale meat** and whale products. The Commission was asked to look into all possible ways of ensuring that whale meat is **no longer legally allowed to transit through EU ports**, including by recommending a ban on such transits as an exceptional measure. In this regard, Parliament noted that Norway's exports of whale meat have increased sharply. In October 2016 alone, 2 948 kg of Norwegian whale products were found to have been exported to Japan, transiting through at least three EU ports. For the 2017 whaling season Norway increased its unilaterally established quota of minke whales to 999 (up from 880 in 2016).

Members regretted that Norway has so far not reconsidered its decision, despite diplomatic reactions and widespread international protests, and they called on the Commission, the European External Action Service (EEAS) and the Council to make use of bilateral and multilateral channels to urge Norway to stop all commercial whaling. In addition, the Council and Commission, at the forthcoming IWC-67 meetings, should take a common approach to whaling that is at least as precautionary as the present common position, and to engage with third countries in order to achieve majority support for the **creation of whale sanctuaries**.