

## Basic information

2018/2698(RSP)

RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects

Resolution on the draft Commission implementing decision renewing the authorisation for the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of, or produced from genetically modified maize GA21 (MON-ØØØ21-9)

### Subject

3.10.09.06 Agro-genetics, GMOs

Procedure completed

## Key players

European Parliament

### Committee responsible

**ENVI** Environment, Climate and Food Safety

### Rapporteur

BALAS Guillaume (S&D)

MAZURONIS Valentinas (ALDE)

BOYLAN Lynn (GUE/NGL)

STAES Bart (Verts/ALE)

EVI Eleonora (EFDD)

### Appointed

27/04/2018

27/04/2018

27/04/2018

27/04/2018

27/04/2018

## Key events

Date	Event	Reference	Summary
30/05/2018	Decision by Parliament	T8-0221/2018	Summary
30/05/2018	Results of vote in Parliament		
30/05/2018	End of procedure in Parliament		

## Technical information

Procedure reference	2018/2698(RSP)
Procedure type	RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects
Procedure subtype	Resolution on implementing act or powers
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	ENVI/8/12979

## Documentation gateway

European Parliament

Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Motion for a resolution		B8-0232/2018	28/05/2018	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		T8-0221/2018	30/05/2018	Summary
<b>European Commission</b>				
Document type		Reference	Date	Summary
Commission response to text adopted in plenary		SP(2018)515	16/11/2018	

## Resolution on the draft Commission implementing decision renewing the authorisation for the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of, or produced from genetically modified maize GA21 (MON-ØØØ21-9)

2018/2698(RSP) - 30/05/2018 - Text adopted by Parliament, single reading

The European Parliament adopted by 450 votes to 200, with 35 abstentions, a resolution **objecting** to the draft Commission implementing decision renewing the authorisation for the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of, or produced from genetically modified maize GA21 (MONØØØ21-9) pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council on genetically modified food and feed.

On 6 October 2016, Syngenta France SAS submitted to the Commission, on behalf of Syngenta Crop Protection AG, Switzerland, an application for the renewal of the marketing authorisation of products containing genetically modified maize GA21.

Many **critical comments** were submitted by Member States during the three-month consultation period, both with regard to EFSA 2007 and EFSA 2017. They criticised the fact that further information was needed before conclusions could be drawn as regards the risk assessment of maize GA21, that data supporting a history of safe use was not provided, that the monitoring reports for maize GA21 for the authorisation period had fundamental shortcomings and that the monitoring approach implemented was not fully in line with Directive 2001/18/EC.

Parliament recalled that maize GA21 has been developed to provide **tolerance to glyphosate** by expressing a modified version of the EPSPS protein. However, questions concerning the carcinogenicity of glyphosate remain. In 2015, the World Health Organisation's International Agency for Research on Cancer classified glyphosate as a **probable carcinogen** for humans.

The Commission has repeatedly deplored the fact that since the current **authorisation procedure for GMOs** entered into force, every authorisation decision has been taken by the Commission without the support of the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health. Thus, the **return of the dossier to the Commission** for a final decision, which should have been an exception, has become the norm in the decision-making process on genetically modified food and feed authorisations.

On the basis of these considerations, Parliament considered that the Commission implementing decision is **not compatible with Union law** which provides the basis for ensuring a high level of protection of human life and health, animal health and welfare, the environment and consumer interests, while ensuring the effective functioning of the internal market.

Parliament therefore called on the Commission to:

- **withdraw its draft implementing decision;**
- suspend any implementing decisions regarding applications for authorisation of GMOs until the authorisation procedure has been revised in such a way as to address the shortcomings of the current procedure;
- uphold its commitments under the UN Convention on Biological Diversity, by suspending all imports of glyphosate-tolerant GM plants;
- refuse to authorise any herbicide-tolerant GM plants without full assessment of the residues from spraying with complementary herbicides and their commercial formulations as applied in the countries of cultivation;
- fully integrate the risk assessment of the application of complementary herbicides and their residues into the risk assessment of herbicidetolerant GM plants, regardless of whether the GM plant concerned is to be cultivated in the Union or for import into the Union for food and feed.

Parliament reiterated its commitment to advancing work on the Commission **proposal** amending Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 in order to ensure that, if no opinion is delivered by the Food Chain and Animal Health Standing Committee with respect to GMO approvals, whether for cultivation or for food and feed, the Commission will withdraw the proposal. It called on the Council to move forward with its work on the same Commission proposal as a matter of urgency.