Basic information

2021/0427(COD)

COD - Ordinary legislative procedure (ex-codecision procedure) Regulation

Instrumentalisation of migration

Subject

6.10.08 Fundamental freedoms, human rights, democracy in general 7.10.04 External borders crossing and controls, visas

7.10.06 Asylum, refugees, displaced persons; Asylum, Migration and Integration Fund (AMIF)

7.10.08 Migration policy

Legislative priorities

Joint Declaration 2022 Joint Declaration 2023-24 Awaiting committee decision

Key players				
European Parliament	Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed	
	LIBE Civil Liberties, Justice and Home Affairs			
	Former committee responsible	Former rapporteur	Appointed	
	LIBE Civil Liberties, Justice and Home Affairs	JAKI Patryk (ECR)	20/04/2022	
Council of the European Union				

Commissioner

JOHANSSON Ylva

Commission DG

Migration and Home Affairs

Key events			
Date	Event	Reference	Summary
15/12/2021	Legislative proposal published	COM(2021)0890	Summary
14/02/2022	Committee referral announced in Parliament, 1st reading		
13/11/2024	Committee referral announced in Parliament, 1st reading		
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Technical information

European Commission

Procedure reference	2021/0427(COD)	
Procedure type	COD - Ordinary legislative procedure (ex-codecision procedure)	
Procedure subtype	Legislation	
Legislative instrument	Regulation	
Legal basis	Treaty on the Functioning of the EU TFEU 079-p2 Treaty on the Functioning of the EU TFEU 078-p2	
Stage reached in procedure	Awaiting committee decision	
Committee dossier	LIBE/10/00171	

Documentation gatew	vay			
European Commissio	n			
Document type		Reference	Date	Summary
Legislative proposal		COM(2021)0890	15/12/2021	Summary
Other institutions and bodies				
Other institutions and	bodies			
	bodies Document type	Reference	Date	Summary
Other institutions and Institution/body EESC		Reference CES0264/2022	Date 18/05/2022	Summary
Institution/body	Document type Economic and Social Committee:			Summary

Meetings with interest representatives published in line with the Rules of Procedure

Rapporteurs, Shadow Rapporteurs and Committee Chairs

Transparency				
Name	Role	Committee	Date	Interest representatives
THUN UND HOHENSTEIN Róża	Shadow rapporteur	LIBE	30/10/2023	European Council on Refugees and Exiles
THUN UND HOHENSTEIN Róża	Shadow rapporteur	LIBE	26/10/2023	International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies
DÜPONT Lena	Shadow rapporteur	LIBE	27/04/2023	Wilfried Martens Centre for European Studies
STRIK Tineke	Shadow rapporteur	LIBE	10/11/2022	United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees

Instrumentalisation of migration

2021/0427(COD) - 15/12/2021 - Legislative proposal

PURPOSE: to ensure that the Schengen area can cope with the challenge of the instrumentalisation of migrants at the EU's external borders.

PROPOSED ACT: Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council.

ROLE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT: the European Parliament decides in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure and on an equal footing with the Council.

BACKGROUND: instrumentalisation of migrants is when a third country instigates irregular migratory flows into the EU by actively encouraging or facilitating the movement of people from outside the EU to the external borders. The clear intention of the third country is to destabilise the Union or a Member State, where the nature of such actions is liable to put at risk essential State functions, including its territorial integrity, the maintenance of law and order or the safeguard of its national security.

It is therefore important that the Union and its Member States are fully equipped to face any future instrumentalisation of migrants and respond rapidly to them.

CONTENT: this proposed regulation provides for specific rules that may be applied by a Member State in a situation of instrumentalisation of migrants where necessary for responding to such a situation. It accompanies the proposal to update the Schengen governance rules and builds on the Commission proposal on temporary measures to manage the situation at the external border with Belarus.

In particular, it lays down the following measures:

Emergency migration and asylum management procedure

This proposal lays down that the Member State facing a situation of instrumentalisation of migrants may extend the registration deadline for applications for international protection in relation to applications of third-country nationals or stateless persons apprehended or found in the proximity of the external border with the third country instrumentalising migrants in connection with an unauthorised crossing or after they have presented themselves at border crossing points, to up to four weeks. Prioritisation should be given to register the cases which are likely to be well-founded and applications made by unaccompanied minors, and minors and their families. This procedure allows Member States to apply the asylum border procedure to decide on all applications, except for medical cases. The maximum duration of the emergency asylum management procedure is 16 weeks.

Material reception facilities

This proposal extends the possibility to set different material reception conditions in a situation of instrumentalisation of migrants provided that basic needs are covered, including temporary shelter, food, water, clothing, adequate medical care, assistance to vulnerable persons, in full respect of the right to human dignity. The Member State concerned should ensure access and allow for the provision of humanitarian assistance by humanitarian organisations in line with the relevant needs.

Provision of support and solidarity measures

The proposal lays down the possibility for a Member State to request support and solidarity measures from other Member States. The Member State affected should **send a request to the Commission** requesting support and solidarity measures from other Member States. In addition, as regards operational support, a Member State facing a situation of instrumentalisation may request support from the EU Asylum Agency, the European Border and Coast Guard Agency or Europol in accordance with their mandates.

Emergency return management procedure

In a situation of instrumentalisation of migrants, it is essential to equip the Member State concerned with the necessary legal tools to ensure a swift return of those who do not qualify for international protection. The proposal therefore provides for the possibility to derogate from the proposal for an Asylum Procedure Regulation and from the application of the proposal for a Return Directive recast in relation to third country nationals or stateless persons whose application for international protection was rejected on the basis of the emergency asylum management procedure.

Safeguards

The proposal also provides for specific **safeguards**, notably concerning the respect of the principle of non-refoulement, taking account of the best interests of the child, family life and state of health of third-country nationals and stateless persons, as well as concerning the limitations to the use of coercive measures, postponement of removal, emergency health care, needs of vulnerable persons and detention conditions, while fully ensuring the fundamental rights of such persons.

Budgetary implications

Due to the nature of this proposal linked to a situation of instrumentalisation of migrants, it is not possible to estimate a priori the possible budgetary impact. Any costs arising from the implementation of this proposal will be accommodated within the budget of the existing EU funding instruments under the period 2021-2027 in the field of Migration and Asylum. Where exceptionally necessary, the flexibility mechanisms provided under the current multiannual financial framework under Council Regulation (EU, Euratom) 2020/2093 could be used.