

Basic information	
<p><b>2022/0027(CNS)</b></p> <p>CNS - Consultation procedure Directive</p>	Procedure completed
<p>Common system of value added tax (VAT): extension of the application period of the optional reverse charge mechanism in relation to supplies of certain goods and services susceptible to fraud and of the Quick Reaction Mechanism against VAT fraud</p> <p>Amending Directive 2006/112 <a href="#">2004/0079(CNS)</a></p> <p><b>Subject</b></p> <p>2.70.02 Indirect taxation, VAT, excise duties</p>	

Key players			
European Parliament	<b>Committee responsible</b>	<b>Rapporteur</b>	<b>Appointed</b>
	<span style="border: 1px solid red; padding: 2px;">ECON</span> Economic and Monetary Affairs	FERBER Markus (EPP)	03/03/2022
		Shadow rapporteur GUALMINI Elisabetta (S&D) CHASTEL Olivier (Renew) URTASUN Ernest (Greens /EFA) MOŽDŽANOWSKA Andželika Anna (ECR) BECK Gunnar (ID) GUSMÃO José (The Left)	
Council of the European Union			
European Commission	<b>Commission DG</b>	<b>Commissioner</b>	
	Taxation and Customs Union	GENTILONI Paolo	

Key events			
Date	Event	Reference	Summary
10/02/2022	Legislative proposal published	COM(2022)0039 	Summary
07/03/2022	Committee referral announced in Parliament		

20/04/2022	Vote in committee		
26/04/2022	Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading	<a href="#">A9-0128/2022</a>	
03/05/2022	Decision by Parliament	<a href="#">T9-0131/2022</a>	<a href="#">Summary</a>
03/06/2022	Act adopted by Council after consultation of Parliament		
08/06/2022	Final act published in Official Journal		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2022/0027(CNS)
Procedure type	CNS - Consultation procedure
Procedure subtype	Legislation
Legislative instrument	Directive
Amendments and repeals	Amending Directive 2006/112 <a href="#">2004/0079(CNS)</a>
Legal basis	Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union TFEU 113
Other legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 165
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	ECON/9/08358

Documentation gateway				
<b>European Parliament</b>				
Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Committee draft report		<a href="#">PE729.901</a>	05/04/2022	
Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading		<a href="#">A9-0128/2022</a>	26/04/2022	
Text adopted by Parliament, 1st reading/single reading		<a href="#">T9-0131/2022</a>	03/05/2022	<a href="#">Summary</a>
<b>European Commission</b>				
Document type	Reference	Date	Summary	
Legislative proposal	<a href="#">COM(2022)0039</a> 	10/02/2022	<a href="#">Summary</a>	
<b>Other institutions and bodies</b>				
Institution/body	Document type	Reference	Date	Summary
EESC	Economic and Social Committee: opinion, report	<a href="#">CES1319/2022</a>	23/03/2022	

Additional information		

Source	Document	Date
European Commission	EUR-Lex	

Final act
<a href="#">Directive 2022/0890</a> <a href="#">OJ L 155 08.06.2022, p. 0001</a>

## Common system of value added tax (VAT): extension of the application period of the optional reverse charge mechanism in relation to supplies of certain goods and services susceptible to fraud and of the Quick Reaction Mechanism against VAT fraud

2022/0027(CNS) - 10/02/2022 - Legislative proposal

**PURPOSE:** to extend the application period of the optional reverse charge mechanism for supplies of certain goods and services susceptible to fraud and of the Quick Reaction Mechanism against VAT fraud.

**PROPOSED ACT:** Council Directive.

**ROLE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT:** the Council adopts the act after consulting the European Parliament but without being obliged to follow its opinion.

**BACKGROUND:** tax fraud in the field of value added tax (VAT) leads to considerable budget losses and has an impact on the operation of the internal market.

Article 199a of Council Directive 2006/112/EC provides for Member States to use, on an optional basis, the reverse charge mechanism for the payment of VAT on supplies of pre-defined goods and services that are susceptible to fraud, and in particular, Missing Trader Intra-Community (MTIC) fraud.

The **Quick Reaction Mechanism** (QRM) special measure set out in Article 199b of that Directive offers Member States, under certain strict conditions, a faster procedure that allows for the introduction of the reverse charge mechanism, resulting in a more adequate and effective response to sudden and massive fraud.

Both Articles expire on 30 June 2022.

In order to deal with the issue of (MTIC) fraud in a more structural manner, the Commission made a proposal for the introduction of the so-called definitive VAT system, a simpler and fraud-proof system for intra-Union trade of goods. However, the state of play of the ongoing negotiations in the Council indicates that it will not be possible for the definitive VAT system to enter into force on 1 July 2022.

To allow the negotiations on the definitive system to continue, without putting at risk the available tools in order to combat VAT fraud, the Commission considers it necessary to extend the anti-fraud measures provided for in Articles 199a and 199b for a further limited period.

**CONTENT:** this proposal for a Directive amending Council Directive 2006/112/EC on the common system of value added tax (the VAT Directive) seeks to prolong until 31 December 2025:

**(1) the possibility for Member States to apply the reverse charge mechanism** to combat existing fraud in supplies of goods and services included in Article 199a(1) of the VAT Directive and;

**(2) the possibility to use the Quick Reaction Mechanism (QRM)**, as set out in Article 199b of the VAT Directive, to combat fraud via the application of the reverse charge mechanism in very specific cases.

This seems to be a reasonable period in order to allow Council negotiations on the definitive VAT system to continue. If the definitive VAT system does not enter into force before that date, the arrangements in Article 199a of the VAT Directive might, because of the sunset clause, come to an end in 2025. If the definitive VAT system would enter into force before 2025, Articles 199a and 199b will be amended and therefore replace the current rules which are being extended.

Similarly, this extension is also linked to the development and adoption of a Commission proposal concerning VAT in the digital age, for which a date of entry into force cannot be provided at this stage. The adoption of the proposal itself by the Commission is scheduled for 2022.

# Common system of value added tax (VAT): extension of the application period of the optional reverse charge mechanism in relation to supplies of certain goods and services susceptible to fraud and of the Quick Reaction Mechanism against VAT fraud

2022/0027(CNS) - 03/05/2022 - Text adopted by Parliament, 1st reading/single reading

The European Parliament adopted by 605 votes to 2, with 27 abstentions, following a special legislative procedure (consultation), a legislative resolution on the proposal for a Council directive amending Directive 2006/112/EC as regards the extension of the application period of the optional reverse charge mechanism in relation to supplies of certain goods and services susceptible to fraud and of the Quick Reaction Mechanism against VAT fraud.

Parliament **approved the Commission's proposal** without amendments.

The proposal for a Directive amending Council Directive 2006/112/EC on the common system of value added tax (the 'VAT Directive') consists of extending until 31 December 2025:

- 1) the possibility for Member States to apply the **reverse charge mechanism** to combat existing fraud affecting supplies of goods and services referred to in Article 199a(1) of the VAT Directive and
- 2) the possibility to use the **Quick Reaction Mechanism** (QRM), as provided for in Article 199b of the VAT Directive, to combat fraud via the application of the reverse charge mechanism in specific cases.