Basic information

2022/0095(COD) COD - Ordinary legislative procedure (ex-codecision procedure) Regulation	Procedure completed
Ecodesign for Sustainable Products Regulation Repealing Directive 2009/125 2008/0151(COD) **Subject** 2.10.03 Standardisation, EC/EU standards and trade mark, certification, compliance 3.70.17 European ecolabel and ecolabelling, ecodesign 3.70.20 Sustainable development **Legislative priorities** Joint Declaration 2022 Joint Declaration 2023-24	

Key players

European Parliament

Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed
ENVI Environment, Public Health and Food Safety	MORETTI Alessandra (S&D)	16/05/2022
	Shadow rapporteur POLFJÄRD Jessica (EPP) HUITEMA Jan (Renew) MATTHIEU Sara (Greens/EFA) VONDRA Alexandr (ECR) SARDONE Silvia (ID) BJÖRK Malin (The Left)	

Committee for opinion	Rapporteur for opinion	Appointed
ITRE Industry, Research and Energy (Associated committee)	SPYRAKI Maria (EPP)	05/05/2022
IMCO Internal Market and Consumer Protection (Associated committee)	CORMAND David (Greens/EFA)	31/08/2022

Council of the European Union

European Commission	Commission DG	Commissioner
	Environment	SINKEVIČIUS Virginijus
European Economic and Social Committee		

Key events

Date	Event	Reference	Summary
30/03/2022	Legislative proposal published	COM(2022)0142	Summary
02/05/2022	Committee referral announced in Parliament, 1st reading		
15/09/2022	Referral to associated committees announced in Parliament		
15/06/2023	Vote in committee, 1st reading		
22/06/2023	Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading	A9-0218/2023	Summary
11/07/2023	Debate in Parliament		
12/07/2023	Decision by Parliament, 1st reading	T9-0272/2023	Summary
12/07/2023	Results of vote in Parliament		
12/07/2023	Matter referred back to the committee responsible for interinstitutional negotiations		
11/01/2024	Approval in committee of the text agreed at 1st reading interinstitutional negotiations	GEDA/A/(2024)000137 PE758.076	
23/04/2024	Decision by Parliament, 1st reading	T9-0303/2024	Summary
23/04/2024	Results of vote in Parliament		
27/05/2024	Act adopted by Council after Parliament's 1st reading		
13/06/2024	Final act signed		
28/06/2024	Final act published in Official Journal		

Technical information

Procedure reference	2022/0095(COD)
Procedure type	COD - Ordinary legislative procedure (ex-codecision procedure)
Procedure subtype	Legislation
Legislative instrument	Regulation
Amendments and repeals	Repealing Directive 2009/125 2008/0151(COD)
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 57_o Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union TFEU 114
Mandatory consultation of other institutions	European Economic and Social Committee
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	ENVI/9/08744

Documentation gateway

European Parliament

Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Committee draft report		PE738.753	06/12/2022	
Amendments tabled in committee		PE740.731	18/01/2023	
Amendments tabled in committee		PE740.732	18/01/2023	
Amendments tabled in committee		PE740.733	19/01/2023	
Amendments tabled in committee		PE740.760	23/01/2023	
Committee opinion	ITRE	PE738.514	31/03/2023	
Committee opinion	IMCO	PE737.400	27/04/2023	
Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading		A9-0218/2023	22/06/2023	Summary
Text adopted by Parliament, partial vote at 1st reading /single reading		T9-0272/2023	12/07/2023	Summary
Text agreed during interinstitutional negotiations		PE758.076	22/12/2023	
Text adopted by Parliament, 1st reading/single reading		T9-0303/2024	23/04/2024	Summary

Council of the EU

Document type	Reference	Date	Summary
Coreper letter confirming interinstitutional agreement	GEDA/A/(2024)000137	22/12/2023	
Draft final act	00106/2023/LEX	13/06/2024	

European Commission

Document type	Reference	Date	Summary
Legislative proposal	COM(2022)0142	30/03/2022	Summary
Document attached to the procedure	SEC(2022)0165	31/03/2022	
Document attached to the procedure	SWD(2022)0081	31/03/2022	
Document attached to the procedure	SWD(2022)0082	31/03/2022	
Document attached to the procedure	SWD(2022)0083	31/03/2022	
Commission response to text adopted in plenary	SP(2024)394	08/08/2024	

Other institutions and bodies

Institution/body	Document type	Reference	Date	Summary
EESC	Economic and Social Committee: opinion, report	CES0598/2022	13/07/2022	

Additional information		
Source	**Document**	**Date**
European Parliament	Briefing	08/06/2022
European Commission	EUR-Lex	

Meetings with interest representatives published in line with the Rules of Procedure

Rapporteurs, Shadow Rapporteurs and Committee Chairs

Transparency				
Name	**Role**	**Committee**	**Date**	**Interest representatives**
MATTHIEU Sara	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	14/09/2023	VITO
MATTHIEU Sara	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	15/06/2023	Permanant representation Belgium
POLFJÄRD Jessica	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	25/04/2023	SME United
BJÖRK Malin	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	23/03/2023	Seas at Risk
MATTHIEU Sara	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	07/03/2023	Belgian federal administration for Health, Food Chain Safety and Environment
POLFJÄRD Jessica	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	01/03/2023	Confederation of Swedish Enterprise
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	24/02/2023	SMEunited aisbl
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	23/02/2023	Environmental Coalition on Standards European Environmental Bureau
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	22/02/2023	Arianee
MATTHIEU Sara	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	16/02/2023	Comeos
MALDONADO LÓPEZ Adriana	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	16/02/2023	Swappie
MALDONADO LÓPEZ Adriana	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	16/02/2023	The European Consumer Organisation
MATTHIEU Sara	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	14/02/2023	ECOS
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	13/02/2023	DIGITALEUROPE
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	07/02/2023	Novonesis A/S
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	02/02/2023	Sourcemap Inc.
DALUNDE Jakop G.	Shadow rapporteur for opinion	ITRE	01/02/2023	Association of the European Heating Industry (95685068542-71)
CAVAZZINI Anna	Committee chair	IMCO	31/01/2023	European Association for Technical Communication - tekom Europe e.V.
MALDONADO LÓPEZ Adriana	Shadow rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	25/01/2023	APPLiA (Home Appliance Europe)

MATTHIEU Sara	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	25/01/2023	VBO
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	25/01/2023	Vereniging VNO-NCW
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	19/01/2023	Climate Action Network Europe
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	17/01/2023	EURATEX
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	16/01/2023	Bureau Européen des Unions de Consommateurs
MATTHIEU Sara	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	16/01/2023	Eurefas
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	12/01/2023	A.I.S.E.
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	12/01/2023	Video Games Europe
BJÖRK Malin	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	12/01/2023	BEUC
BJÖRK Malin	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	11/01/2023	Nordiska Svanen
BJÖRK Malin	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	11/01/2023	Climate Action Network Europe
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	10/01/2023	L'Oréal
MALDONADO LÓPEZ Adriana	Shadow rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	10/01/2023	Inditex
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	09/01/2023	Microsoft Corporation
MATTHIEU Sara	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	09/01/2023	ECOS
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	21/12/2022	Swappie
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	21/12/2022	IKEA Foundation Inter Ikea Systems BV
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	20/12/2022	Wirtschaftskammer Österreichs
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	20/12/2022	Estée Lauder
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	20/12/2022	Cosmetics Europe
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	19/12/2022	Cefic
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	19/12/2022	DIGITALEUROPE
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	19/12/2022	Unilever
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	16/12/2022	EUROCHAMBRES – Association of European Chambers of Commerce and Industry
MATTHIEU Sara	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	15/12/2022	Cabinet Belgian Federal Minister for Environment
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	14/12/2022	Inditex
MALDONADO LÓPEZ Adriana	Shadow rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	14/12/2022	Inditex
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	13/12/2022	Manufacture Française des Pneumatiques Michelin
DALUNDE Jakop G.	Shadow rapporteur	ITRE	07/12/2022	The European Steel Association 93038071152-83
MATTHIEU Sara	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	07/12/2022	Plastics Recyclers Europe

MATTHIEU Sara	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	07/12/2022	Amazon Europe Core SARL
MATTHIEU Sara	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	06/12/2022	EEB
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	02/12/2022	Back Market
MORETTI Alessandra	Rapporteur	ENVI	29/11/2022	Confindustria
CORMAND David	Rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	28/11/2022	Environmental Coalition on Standards
DALUNDE Jakop G.	Shadow rapporteur	ITRE	28/11/2022	Ellen MacArthur Foundation 206816021848-17
MATTHIEU Sara	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	28/11/2022	ECOS
MATTHIEU Sara	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	25/11/2022	Resortecs
MORETTI Alessandra	Rapporteur	ENVI	25/11/2022	Cosmetics Europe
MATTHIEU Sara	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	24/11/2022	Procter & Gamble
MATTHIEU Sara	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	24/11/2022	Unilever
DALUNDE Jakop G.	Shadow rapporteur	ITRE	23/11/2022	European Partnership for Energy and the Environment European Ventilation Industry Association
MORETTI Alessandra	Rapporteur	ENVI	23/11/2022	Right to repair coalition
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	22/11/2022	Transport and Environment (European Federation for Transport and Environment)
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	18/11/2022	Koninklijke Philips
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	17/11/2022	AmCham EU
HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	17/11/2022	The LEGO Group
MORETTI Alessandra	Rapporteur	ENVI	17/11/2022	Federchimica
MORETTI Alessandra	Rapporteur	ENVI	17/11/2022	LVMH
MORETTI Alessandra	Rapporteur	ENVI	16/11/2022	Back Market
MORETTI Alessandra	Rapporteur	ENVI	16/11/2022	Unilever
IJABS Ivars	Shadow rapporteur for opinion	ITRE	15/11/2022	International association for Soaps Detergents and Maintenance Products
MORETTI Alessandra	Rapporteur	ENVI	15/11/2022	Municipal Waste Europe
DALUNDE Jakop G.	Shadow rapporteur	ITRE	14/11/2022	Orgalim – Europe's Technology Industries 20210641335-88
DALUNDE Jakop G.	Shadow rapporteur	ITRE	14/11/2022	Nordic Swan Ecolabel
MALDONADO LÓPEZ Adriana	Shadow rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	14/11/2022	FTI Consulting Belgium
MALDONADO LÓPEZ Adriana	Shadow rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	10/11/2022	Zalando SE

MORETTI Alessandra	Rapporteur	ENVI	10/11/2022	The European Environmental Bureau - EEB
MORETTI Alessandra	Rapporteur	ENVI	08/11/2022	Business Europe
MORETTI Alessandra	Rapporteur	ENVI	07/11/2022	Games Console Voluntary agreement (GCVA)
MORETTI Alessandra	Rapporteur	ENVI	02/11/2022	Eni - Versails
MORETTI Alessandra	Rapporteur	ENVI	28/10/2022	Policy Hub - Circularity for Apparel and Footwear
MORETTI Alessandra	Rapporteur	ENVI	27/10/2022	APPLiA (Home Appliance Europe)
KOKALARI Arba	Shadow rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	26/10/2022	Classifieds Marketplaces Europe
BJÖRK Malin	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	26/10/2022	Plastic Recyclers Europe
MALDONADO LÓPEZ Adriana	Shadow rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	25/10/2022	Avery Dennison
MORETTI Alessandra	Rapporteur	ENVI	25/10/2022	AISE International associations for maintenance products
MALDONADO LÓPEZ Adriana	Shadow rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	24/10/2022	APPLiA Europa
MALDONADO LÓPEZ Adriana	Shadow rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	24/10/2022	LightingEurope
MORETTI Alessandra	Rapporteur	ENVI	20/10/2022	Digital Europe
MORETTI Alessandra	Rapporteur	ENVI	19/10/2022	The European Consumer Organization - BEUC
MORETTI Alessandra	Rapporteur	ENVI	19/10/2022	Ecos
MALDONADO LÓPEZ Adriana	Shadow rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	18/10/2022	Unilever
MALDONADO LÓPEZ Adriana	Shadow rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	18/10/2022	LogiTech
MORETTI Alessandra	Rapporteur	ENVI	18/10/2022	Lighting Europe
MORETTI Alessandra	Rapporteur	ENVI	17/10/2022	european forniture industries confederation
CORMAND David	Rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	13/10/2022	Halte à l'obsolescence programmée (HOP)
BERGKVIST Erik	Shadow rapporteur for opinion	ITRE	12/10/2022	H&M Group
MALDONADO LÓPEZ Adriana	Shadow rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	12/10/2022	The European Consumer Organisation
MALDONADO LÓPEZ Adriana	Shadow rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	12/10/2022	Spanish Permanent Representation to the EU
BJÖRK Malin	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	11/10/2022	eBay EU liaison office
BJÖRK Malin	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	10/10/2022	Schibsted Blocket

HUITEMA Jan	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	05/10/2022	APPLiA (Home Appliance Europe)
DALUNDE Jakop G.	Shadow rapporteur	ITRE	04/10/2022	Covestro AG 548438318615-29
DALUNDE Jakop G.	Shadow rapporteur	ITRE	29/09/2022	Backmarket
CORMAND David	Rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	29/09/2022	BUSINESSEUROPE
POLFJÄRD Jessica	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	29/09/2022	Plastics Europe
KOKALARI Arba	Shadow rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	28/09/2022	Confederation of Swedish Enterprise
DALUNDE Jakop G.	Shadow rapporteur	ITRE	28/09/2022	Confederation of Swedish Enterprise
CORMAND David	Rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	28/09/2022	Privacy International
CORMAND David	Rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	28/09/2022	europen - European Organization for Packaging and the Environment (EU Transparency Register No: 0001976677-12)
POLFJÄRD Jessica	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	28/09/2022	H & M Hennes & Mauritz AB Svensk Handel (Swedish Trade Federation)
POLFJÄRD Jessica	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	28/09/2022	Classifieds Marketplaces Europe
POLFJÄRD Jessica	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	28/09/2022	Confederation of Swedish Enterprise
BJÖRK Malin	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	28/09/2022	Dansk Standard
KOKALARI Arba	Shadow rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	27/09/2022	IKEA
POLFJÄRD Jessica	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	27/09/2022	Inter Ikea Systems BV
POLFJÄRD Jessica	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	27/09/2022	European Environmental Bureau
POLFJÄRD Jessica	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	27/09/2022	Sulapac oy
BJÖRK Malin	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	26/09/2022	BEUC
BJÖRK Malin	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	26/09/2022	BEUC
CORMAND David	Rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	23/09/2022	BEUC - The European Consumer Organisation
CORMAND David	Rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	22/09/2022	Etsy
CORMAND David	Rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	21/09/2022	Halte à l'obsolescence programmée (HOP)
CORMAND David	Rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	21/09/2022	AIM - European Brands Association
CORMAND David	Rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	20/09/2022	eBay EU liaison office
MATTHIEU Sara	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	15/09/2022	ECOS
BJÖRK Malin	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	09/09/2022	Skogsindustrierna
DALUNDE Jakop G.	Shadow rapporteur	ITRE	08/09/2022	Swedish Forest Industries Federation 355702910008-47
CORMAND David	Rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	07/09/2022	European Environmental Bureau

CORMAND David	Rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	05/09/2022	Halte à l'obsolescence programmée (HOP)
DALUNDE Jakop G.	Shadow rapporteur	ITRE	20/07/2022	LightingEurope 29789243712-03
CORMAND David	Rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	14/07/2022	European Environmental Bureau
MATTHIEU Sara	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	07/07/2022	Climate Action Network Europe
MATTHIEU Sara	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	07/07/2022	Swappie
MATTHIEU Sara	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	07/07/2022	Refurbed Marketplace GmbH Syctom Agence métropolitaine des déchets ménagers
CORMAND David	Rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	07/07/2022	The European Consumer Voice in Standardisation
MATTHIEU Sara	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	06/07/2022	Bureau Européen des Unions de Consommateurs
POLFJÄRD Jessica	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	06/07/2022	American Chamber of Commerce to the European Union
CORMAND David	Rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	05/07/2022	iFixit GmbH
CORMAND David	Rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	05/07/2022	Rreuse
MATTHIEU Sara	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	29/06/2022	Back Market
CORMAND David	Rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	29/06/2022	Backmarket
CORMAND David	Rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	29/06/2022	Commonw
CORMAND David	Rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	27/06/2022	Environmental Coalition on Standards
MATTHIEU Sara	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	22/06/2022	European Environmental Bureau
CORMAND David	Rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	16/06/2022	Syctom Agence métropolitaine des déchets ménagers
CORMAND David	Rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	16/06/2022	Refurbed Marketplace GmbH
DALUNDE Jakop G.	Shadow rapporteur	ITRE	16/06/2022	Confederation of Swedish Enterprise 39912257528-48
MATTHIEU Sara	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	15/06/2022	#SustainablePublicAffairs
MATTHIEU Sara	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	14/06/2022	ECOS
GALLÉE Malte	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	10/06/2022	Swappie 165838227131-07
GALLÉE Malte	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	08/06/2022	Unilever 6200524920-25
BJÖRK Malin	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	20/05/2022	BEUC
CORMAND David	Rapporteur for opinion	IMCO	03/05/2022	BEUC - The European Consumer Organisation
MATTHIEU Sara	Shadow rapporteur	ENVI	29/03/2022	Back Market

Other Members

Transparency		
Name	**Date**	**Interest representatives**
WEISS-EHLER Pernille	05/01/2024	2K/Denmark AS
WÖLKEN Tiemo	22/11/2023	Bundesministerium für Wirtschaft und Klima
FIDANZA Carlo	04/07/2023	federchimica
POULSEN Erik	10/05/2023	Novonesis A/S
LUENA César	13/04/2023	Consejo Intertextil Español
HOJSÍK Martin	28/03/2023	Electrolux Home Products Europe
PEKKARINEN Mauri	08/03/2023	Confederation of European Paper Industries Finnish Forest Industries Federation (Metsäteollisuus ry)
LUENA César	15/02/2023	Electrolux Home Products Europe
WÖLKEN Tiemo	08/02/2023	Verbraucherzentrale Bundesverband
DANTI Nicola	25/10/2022	APPLiA (Home Appliance Europe)
MANDERS Antonius	13/09/2022	Avery Dennison Materials Europe BV
BILBAO BARANDICA Izaskun	13/07/2022	CELSA Group
GALLÉE Malte	16/06/2022	Europolitis Refurbed Marketplace GmbH Syctom Agence métropolitaine des déchets ménagers 680184529491-78 744597146264-09 671495010533-60
GALLÉE Malte	16/06/2022	Bureau Européen des Unions de Consommateurs 9505781573-45
GALLÉE Malte	16/06/2022	European Environmental Bureau 06798511314-27

Final act	
Regulation 2024/1781 OJ OJ L 28.06.2024	Summary
Corrigendum to final act 32024R1781R(01) OJ OJ L 07.08.2024	Summary
Corrigendum to final act 32024R1781R(02) OJ OJ L 28.04.2025	

Delegated acts	
Reference	**Subject**
2026/2615(DEA)	Examination of delegated act

Ecodesign for Sustainable Products Regulation

2022/0095(COD) - 07/08/2024 - Corrigendum to final act

Corrigendum to Regulation (EU) 2024/1781 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 June 2024 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for sustainable products, amending Directive (EU) 2020/1828 and Regulation (EU) 2023/1542 and repealing Directive 2009 /125/EC.

(Official Journal of the European Union L, 2024/1781, of 28 June 2024)

On page 77, Articles 77 and 78 should read:

Article 77 - Amendment of Directive (EU) 2020/1828

Point (27) of Annex I to Directive (EU) 2020/1828 is replaced by the following:

“(27) Regulation (EU) 2024/1781 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 June 2024 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for sustainable products, amending Directive (EU) 2020/1828 and Regulation (EU) 2023/1542 and repealing Directive 2009/125/EC”.

Article 78 - Amendment of Regulation (EU) 2023/1542

In Article 77 of Regulation (EU) 2023/1542, the following paragraph is added:

“10. The economic operator placing the battery on the market or putting it into service shall upload the unique identifier in the registry referred to in Article 13(1) of Regulation (EU) 2024/1781 of the European Parliament and of the Council.

Ecodesign for Sustainable Products Regulation

2022/0095(COD) - 30/03/2022 - Legislative proposal

PURPOSE: to establish a broadened framework for setting ecodesign requirements for sustainable products.

PROPOSED ACT: Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council.

ROLE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT: the European Parliament decides in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure and on an equal footing with the Council.

BACKGROUND: Directive 2009/125/EC establishes a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products. It has significantly reduced EU primary energy demand for products and has been generally successful in fostering the energy efficiency and some circularity aspects of energy-related products, and its approach has the potential to progressively address the sustainability of all products. To deliver on Green Deal commitments, this approach should be **extended to other product groups** and systematically address key aspects for increasing the environmental sustainability of products with binding requirements.

In the absence of legislation at Union level, diverging national approaches to improving the environmental sustainability of products have already emerged, ranging from information requirements on the duration of software compatibility of electronic devices to reporting obligations on handling unsold durable goods. This is an indication that further national efforts to achieve the aims pursued by this Regulation will likely lead to further fragmentation of the internal market.

Therefore, in order to safeguard the functioning of the internal market while ensuring a high level of environmental protection, there is a need for a regulatory framework to progressively introduce ecodesign requirements for products. This Regulation will, by making the ecodesign approach initially set out in Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council applicable to the broadest possible range of products, provide such a framework.

CONTENT: the proposal builds on the success of EU's existing Ecodesign rules, which have brought remarkable reductions in EU's energy consumption and significant savings to consumers. However, the new proposal **extends the existing Ecodesign framework** in two ways:

- to cover the broadest possible range of products;

- to broaden the scope of the requirements with which products are to comply.

The proposal:

- lays down a framework for setting ecodesign requirements, creating a **digital product passport**, and **prohibiting the destruction of unsold consumer products**;

- lays down the product aspects to which the eco-design requirements relate, such as **durability** and reliability, **reusability**, upgradability, **reparability**, and possibility of maintenance and refurbishment, presence of substances of concern, energy and resource efficiency, recycled content;

- sets the scope of the Regulation – only a few sectors, such as food, feed, and medicinal products, are exempted;

- provides more details about performance requirements;

- lays down the necessary provision to implement the product passport and sets up a **registry** storing information included in the products passport;

- specifies the requirements attached to **labels**, when they are to be used for a given product group;

- lays down a number of measures that the Member States and the Commission are required to take to **help SMEs** with the general implementation of this Regulation and the future delegated acts;

- establishes a general obligation of **transparency** for economic operators who discard unsold consumer products;

- explicitly **prohibits circumvention techniques**, such as a big company selling to small companies (which are normally exempted) to make them destroy products;

- lays down obligations of manufacturers, authorised representatives, importers and distributors;

- sets out the obligations of **online marketplaces and online search engines** in particular concerning cooperation with market surveillance authorities. It also specifies that market surveillance authorities should have the power to order an online marketplace to **remove illegal content**;

- requires Member States to draw up an action plan for market surveillance activities, which must include 'priorities for market surveillance' to be identified.

Budgetary implications

The proposal has limited budgetary implications for the Commission. Specifically, it requires 54 full-time equivalents to fully implement the regulation and the related delegated acts over the period 2022-2027 of the EU Multiannual Financial Framework (MFF). New commitments would be needed on existing budget lines, amounting to EUR 23.338 million in Heading 1 of the MFF (Single Market, Innovation and Digital), EUR 43.912 million in Heading 3 (Natural Resources and the Environment) and EUR 38.621 million in Heading 7 (Administrative Expenditure). The new commitments will be covered from the existing budgetary envelopes of the relevant programmes.

Ecodesign for Sustainable Products Regulation

2022/0095(COD) - 12/07/2023 - Text adopted by Parliament, partial vote at 1st reading/single reading

The European Parliament adopted by 473 votes to 110, with 69 abstentions, **amendments** to the proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing a framework for setting eco-design requirements for sustainable products and repealing Directive 2009/125/EC.

The matter was referred back to the committee responsible for inter-institutional negotiations.

Objective

The Regulation should aim to (i) establish a framework to **improve the environmental sustainability of products**, in order to make sustainable products the norm and to reduce their overall environmental footprint over their lifecycle, and (ii) ensure free movement in the internal market by setting ecodesign requirements that products should fulfil to be placed on the market or put into service.

Power to adopt delegated acts

Members clarified that the empowerment to adopt ecodesign requirements should include the power to establish that no ecodesign requirements apply for imported second-hand products or product groups, for a limited period of time, where on the basis of the impact assessment conducted under Article 5(4)(b) the Commission concludes that, inter alia, it is relevant to exempt a given imported second-hand product or product group on account of the substantial share that it represents on the relevant Union second-hand product market and the genuine consumer demand that it responds to.

When establishing ecodesign requirements in delegated acts, the Commission should allow economic operators sufficient time to adapt to the new requirements, taking particular account of the needs of micro-enterprises and SMEs. The delegated acts could also complement the Regulation by specifying the methodology to be used to assess the reparability of a product, to define the classes of performance to be represented by the reparability score and to define the product categories to which the reparability score will apply.

Ecodesign requirements

When developing ecodesign requirements, the Commission should take into account the objectives of the Union in relation to:

- the **climate**, in particular the objective of achieving climate neutrality by 2050 at the latest;

- the **environment**, including biodiversity, resource efficiency and security and reduction of the environmental, material and consumption footprints, and staying within the planetary boundaries;

- **non-toxicity, energy efficiency** and other related EU objectives;

- the do no significant harm principle.

Durability and reparability of products

The Commission should ensure that manufacturers:

- **do not limit the durability of a product making it prematurely obsolete** in particular as a result of the design of a specific feature, the use of consumables or the failure to supply spare parts, software updates or accessories in a timely manner;

- do not limit the reparability of products by impeding the disassembly of key components or limiting access to repair information and spare parts exclusively to authorised repairers.

Information requirements

Members strengthened certain provisions relating to the information rights of consumers and end-users. They stated that consumers and end-users must be provided with **clear and easily understandable information** to encourage sustainable consumption patterns and ensure that appropriate action is taken when a product reaches the end of its life.

All information relevant for a purchasing decision should be provided to the consumers prior to the purchase of a product on the product's packaging, in the digital product passport, on a label or on a free access website of application, as appropriate. Information that is essential to the health, safety, and rights of end-users should be provided in physical format with the product and be accessible through a data carrier included on the product.

Where appropriate, information requirements on the performance of the product related to reparability should take the form of a reparability score to enable end-users to easily compare the performance of products.

A new '**product passport**', containing accurate and up-to-date information, will be introduced to increase transparency and enable consumers to make informed purchasing decisions.

Members also strengthened the provisions relating to the **Ecodesign Forum** by making its functioning more transparent and by enabling the Eco-design Forum to propose to the Commission to prepare ecodesign requirements for a particular product group. take into consideration.

Comparison platform

No later than 12 months after the entry into force of this Regulation, the Commission should set up and maintain a publicly accessible online tool allowing stakeholders to compare information included in the product passports stored by the economic operator.

Prioritisation and planning

The current proposal allows the Commission to define, in the working plans, the products for which ecodesign requirements should be established as a priority. Members consider that for the period 2024-2027, the Commission should consider **prioritising** the following product groups in the first working plan: (i) iron, steel; (ii) aluminium; (iii) textiles, notably garments and footwear; (iv) furniture, including mattresses; (v) tyres; (vi) detergents; (vii) paints; (viii) lubricants; (ix) chemicals; (x) energy related products, the implementing measures for which need to be revised or newly defined; (xi) ICT products and other electronics.

Members also wanted a **specific ban** on the destruction of unsold consumer products such as textiles and footwear, as well as electrical and electronic equipment.

Ecodesign for Sustainable Products Regulation

2022/0095(COD) - 22/06/2023 - Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading

The Committee on the Environment, Public Health and Food Safety adopted the report by Alessandra MORETTI (S&D, IT) on the proposal for a regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing a framework for setting of ecodesign requirements for sustainable products and repealing Directive 2009/125/EC.

The committee responsible recommended that the European Parliament's position adopted at first reading under the ordinary legislative procedure should amend the proposal as follows:

Objective

This Regulation should establish a framework to improve the environmental sustainability of products, in order to **make sustainable products the norm** and to reduce their overall environmental footprint over their lifecycle. Ecodesign requirements, to be specified by the Commission in delegated acts, should also address **product recycling**.

Ecodesign requirements

When establishing ecodesign requirements in delegated acts, the Commission should allow economic operators sufficient time to adjust to the new requirements, taking particular account of the needs of micro-enterprises and SMEs.

When developing ecodesign requirements, the Commission should take into account the objectives of the Union in relation to:

- the **climate**, in particular the objective of achieving climate neutrality by 2050 at the latest;

- the **environment**, including biodiversity, resource efficiency and security and reduction of the environmental, material and consumption footprints, and staying within the planetary boundaries;

- **non-toxicity**, energy efficiency and other related EU objectives;

- the do no significant harm principle;

- relevant international agreements;

- the prioritisation of measures in accordance with the waste hierarchy established by Directive 2008/98/EC.

In carrying out the impact assessments, the Commission should provide an assessment of (i) the expected reduction of the environmental, carbon and material footprints by the new ecodesign requirements; and (ii) any relevant consequences for human health.

Durability and reparability of products

The Commission should ensure that manufacturers: (i) do not limit the durability of a product making it prematurely obsolete; (ii) do not limit the reparability of products by impeding the disassembly of key components or limiting access to repair information and spare parts exclusively to authorised repairers.

Information requirements

Members strengthened certain provisions relating to the information rights of consumers and end-users.

The report stated that consumers and end-users must be provided with **clear and easily understandable information** to encourage sustainable consumption patterns and ensure that appropriate action is taken when a product reaches the end of its life.

All information relevant for a purchasing decision shall be provided to the consumers **prior to the purchase of a product on the product's packaging**, in the digital product passport, on a label or on a free access website of application, as appropriate. Information that is essential to the health, safety, and rights of end-users should be provided in physical format with the product and be accessible through a data carrier included on the product.

Where appropriate, information requirements on the performance of the product related to reparability should take the form of a reparability score to enable end-users to easily compare the performance of products.

Members also strengthened the provisions relating to the **Ecodesign Forum** by making its functioning more transparent and by enabling the Eco-design Forum to propose to the Commission to prepare ecodesign requirements for a particular product group. take into consideration.

Comparison platform

No later than 12 months after the entry into force of this Regulation, the Commission should set up and maintain a publicly accessible online tool allowing stakeholders to compare information included in the product passports stored by the economic operator.

Prioritisation and planning

The current proposal allows the Commission to define, in the working plans, the products for which ecodesign requirements should be established as a priority.

Members consider that for the period 2024-2027, the Commission should consider **prioritising** the following product groups in the first working plan: (i) iron, steel; (ii) aluminium; (iii) textiles, notably garments and footwear; (iv) furniture, including mattresses; (v) tyres; (vi) detergents; (vii) paints; (viii) lubricants; (ix) chemicals; (x) energy related products, the implementing measures for which need to be revised or newly defined; (xi) ICT products and other electronics.

The work plan should be made public and presented to the European Parliament before its adoption. The Commission should justify its decision if it chooses not to give priority to any of the product groups listed.

Self-regulation measures

Self-regulation measures should include an explanation as to how the self-regulation measures improve the environmental sustainability of products in line with the objectives of this Regulation and ensures the free movement in the internal market more quickly or at a lesser expense than a delegated act.

Destruction of unsold consumer products

One year after the date of entry into force of the Regulation, the destruction of unsold consumer products by economic operators should be **prohibited** for the following product categories: (a) textiles and footwear; (b) electrical and electronic equipment. This provision would not apply to SMEs, but the Commission could, by means of delegated acts, provide that the ban on the destruction of unsold consumer products applies to medium-sized enterprises, micro-enterprises and SMEs.

Ecodesign for Sustainable Products Regulation

2022/0095(COD) - 23/04/2024 - Text adopted by Parliament, 1st reading/single reading

The European Parliament adopted by 455 votes to 99, with 54 abstentions, a legislative resolution on the proposal for a regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing a framework for setting eco-design requirements for sustainable products and repealing Directive 2009/125 /EC.

The European Parliament's position adopted at first reading under the ordinary legislative procedure amends the proposal as follows:

Objective

The Regulation **establishes a framework for setting ecodesign requirements** that products must meet in order to be placed on the market or put into service, with the aim of improving the environmental sustainability of products to make sustainable products the norm and to reduce the overall carbon and environmental footprint of products throughout their life cycle, as well as ensuring the free movement of sustainable products within the internal market.

However, it excludes motor vehicles from the groups of products covered by this regulation when those are already regulated in other pieces of legislation. Products whose sole purpose is to serve defence or national security should be excluded from product groups.

Empowerments to adopt delegated acts

The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts to supplement this Regulation by setting ecodesign requirements. The Commission should provide economic operators with sufficient time to comply with the ecodesign requirements laid down in those delegated acts, particularly taking into consideration the needs of SMEs, in particular microenterprises. The date of application of a delegated act should not be earlier than 18 months from its entry into force, except in duly justified cases.

Ecodesign requirements

The ecodesign requirements in the delegated acts should be such as to improve the following product aspects such as: durability; reliability; reusability; repairability; energy use and energy efficiency and water use and water efficiency.

Ecodesign requirements should, where relevant, ensure that products do not become prematurely obsolete.

When preparing ecodesign requirements, the Commission should take into account a number of Union priorities, such as the climate, the environment, energy efficiency, resource efficiency and security, including a non-toxic circular economy, and other related Union priorities and targets.

Information requirements

Products should be accompanied by:

- information on the performance of the product, including a **repairability score**, a durability score, a carbon footprint or an environmental footprint;

- information for customers and other actors on how to **install, use, maintain and repair the product**, in order to minimise its impact on the environment and to ensure optimum durability, on how to install third-party operating systems where relevant, as well as on collection for refurbishment or remanufacture, and on how to return or handle the product at end-of-life;

- information for treatment facilities on disassembly, reuse, refurbishment, recycling, or disposal at end-of-life;

- other information that could influence sustainable product choices for customers.

The information must be **clear, easily understandable** and adapted to the particular characteristics of the product groups concerned and to the intended recipients of the information. Products bearing or accompanied by misleading labels may not be placed on the market or put into service.

Digital product passport

The new ‘Digital Product Passport’ should provide information about products' environmental sustainability. It will help consumers and businesses to make informed choices when purchasing products and help public authorities to better perform checks and controls.

In addition, where appropriate, the digital product passport should be linked to a unique operator identifier and a unique facility identifier which would allow the actors and manufacturing facilities related to that product to be traced.

Prioritisation and planning

The Commission should adopt a working plan and make it publicly available. It should set out a list of product groups which are to be prioritised for the setting of ecodesign requirements. It should present to the European Parliament a draft of the working plan before the adoption of the working plan.

For the first working plan (to be adopted a the latest 9 months from the entry into force of the Regulation), the Commission should prioritise iron, steel, aluminium, textiles, in particular garments and footwear, furniture, including mattresses, tyres, detergents, paints, lubricants, chemicals, information and communication technology products and other electronics, and energy-related products for which ecodesign requirements are to be set for the first time.

Destruction of unsold goods

The amended text introduces a direct ban on the destruction of **textiles and footwear**. Small and micro companies should be exempt from this ban, while medium size companies will benefit of a 6-year exemption. This ban should be applicable two years after the entry into force of the regulation. The Commission should also be empowered to introduce new bans for to the destruction of other unsold products by delegated acts.

Ecodesign for Sustainable Products Regulation

2022/0095(COD) - 28/06/2024 - Final act

PURPOSE: to improve the environmental sustainability of products and to ensure the free movement in the internal market of products for which ecodesign requirements are set.

LEGISLATIVE ACT: Regulation (EU) 2024/1781 of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for sustainable products, amending Directive (EU) 2020/1828 and Regulation (EU) 2023/1542 and repealing Directive 2009/125/EC.

CONTENT: this Regulation replaces the existing Ecodesign Directive 2009/125/EC, which set energy efficiency requirements for 31 product groups. It establishes a **framework for setting ecodesign requirements** that products must meet in order to be placed on the market or put into service, with the aim of improving the environmental sustainability of products in order to make sustainable products the norm and to reduce the overall carbon and environmental footprint of products throughout their life cycle, as well as ensuring the free movement of sustainable products within the internal market.

The regulation covers **all types of products**, with a few exceptions (i.e. food and feed, medicines, cars and defence and security products).

Ecodesign requirements

The new regulation introduces new requirements such as product durability, reusability, upgradability and reparability, rules on the presence of substances that inhibit circularity; energy and resource efficiency; recycled content, remanufacturing and recycling; carbon and environmental footprints. Ecodesign requirements should be used to combat practices associated with premature obsolescence.

The regulation also introduces **performance and information requirements**, including a **digital product passport** that will provide information on the environmental sustainability of products, help consumers and businesses make informed choices when purchasing products, and help public authorities carry out checks and controls more effectively.

Ecodesign criteria will be applicable in **public procurement** to incentivise the public purchase of green products.

The Commission will be empowered to set ecodesign requirements by **delegated acts** and the industry will have 18 months to comply with them.

Prioritisation and planning

When prioritising products to be covered by ecodesign requirements, the Commission will analyse the potential contribution of those products to achieving Union climate, environmental and energy efficiency objectives.

The Commission will adopt a **working plan** setting out a list of product groups which are to be prioritised for the setting of ecodesign requirements and the estimated timelines for their setting. The Commission will present to the European Parliament a draft of the working plan before the adoption of the working plan.

In the first working plan, which will be adopted by 19 April 2025, the Commission will prioritise the following product groups: iron and steel; aluminium; textiles, in particular garments and footwear; furniture, including mattresses; tyres; detergents; paints; lubricants; chemicals; energy related products for which ecodesign requirements are to be set for the first time.

The Commission will establish an **Ecodesign Forum** as an expert group with a balanced and effective participation of experts designated by Member States and of all parties having an interest in the product or product group in question.

In the context of programmes from which **SMEs**, in particular micro-enterprises, can benefit, the Commission will ensure there are initiatives which help those enterprises to integrate environmental sustainability, including energy efficiency, into their value chain.

Destruction of unsold goods

The regulation creates a framework to prevent unsold consumer goods from being destroyed. It provides for a **direct ban on the destruction of textiles and footwear**. Small and micro businesses will be exempt from this ban, while medium-sized businesses will benefit from an exemption until 19 July 2030. The ban will apply from 19 July 2026. The Commission will also be empowered to introduce new bans on the destruction of other unsold products by means of delegated acts.

Conformity of products

For the purposes of compliance and verification of compliance with ecodesign requirements, tests, measurements and calculations will be carried out using harmonised standards or other reliable, accurate and reproducible methods that take into account the generally recognised state-of-the art methods.

The **CE marking** must be affixed visibly, legibly and indelibly to the product. If this is not possible, it will be affixed to the packaging and accompanying documents. The CE marking must be affixed before the product is placed on the market or put into service.

The regulation contains provisions on the notification of conformity assessment bodies.

Penalties

Member States will lay down the rules on penalties applicable to infringements of this Regulation and take all measures necessary to ensure that they are implemented. The penalties provided for will be effective, proportionate and dissuasive.

ENTRY INTO FORCE: 18.7.2024.