

Basic information	
2022/2849(RSP) RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects	Procedure completed
Resolution on the death of Mahsa Jina Amini and the repression of women's rights protesters in Iran Subject 6.10.08 Fundamental freedoms, human rights, democracy in general 6.10.09 Human rights situation in the world Geographical area Iran	

Key events			
Date	Event	Reference	Summary
04/10/2022	Debate in Parliament		
06/10/2022	Decision by Parliament	T9-0352/2022	Summary
06/10/2022	Results of vote in Parliament		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2022/2849(RSP)
Procedure type	RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects
Procedure subtype	Resolution on statement
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 136-p2
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed

Documentation gateway				
European Parliament				
Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Motion for a resolution		B9-0425/2022	03/10/2022	
Motion for a resolution		B9-0434/2022	03/10/2022	
Motion for a resolution		B9-0435/2022	03/10/2022	
Motion for a resolution		B9-0436/2022	03/10/2022	
Motion for a resolution		B9-0439/2022	03/10/2022	
Motion for a resolution		B9-0442/2022	03/10/2022	
Motion for a resolution		B9-0455/2022	03/10/2022	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		T9-0352/2022	06/10/2022	Summary

Resolution on the death of Mahsa Jina Amini and the repression of women's rights protesters in Iran

2022/2849(RSP) - 06/10/2022 - Text adopted by Parliament, single reading

The European Parliament adopted resolution on the death of Mahsa Jina Amini and the repression of women's rights protesters in Iran.

The text adopted in plenary was tabled by the EPP, S&D, Renew, Greens/EFA, ECR, The Left groups and Members.

As a reminder, on the 13 September 2022, 22-year old Iranian Kurdish woman Mahsa Jina Amini was arrested in Tehran by Iran's 'morality' police for an alleged failure to observe the mandatory veiling law. The Iranian authorities have maintained that her death was from natural causes and a proper investigation has not been conducted. Following her death, nation-wide protests broke out in over 120 cities in almost all of Iran's 31 provinces, involving hundreds of thousands of Iranian citizens representing all segments of society. The killing of Mahsa Jina Amini is illustrative of the ongoing human rights crisis in Iran, perpetuated by the systemic impunity of the Iranian Government and its security apparatus, which has permitted widespread torture, as well as extrajudicial executions and other unlawful killings.

Parliament condemned in the strongest terms the death of Mahsa Jina Amini following her violent arrest, abuse and ill-treatment by Iran's 'morality' police.

It called on the Iranian Government to allow for an **impartial and effective investigation** of Mahsa Jina Amini's tragic death and allegations of torture and ill-treatment by an independent competent authority.

Parliament also strongly supports the aspirations of the Iranian people who want to live in a free, stable, inclusive and democratic country that respects its national and international commitments on human rights and fundamental freedoms. Therefore, the resolution called on the Iranian authorities to:

- stop their continued, systematic and unacceptable violence against their own citizens;
- immediately and unconditionally release and drop all charges against anyone who is imprisoned solely for peacefully exercising their rights to freedom of expression, association and peaceful assembly in connection with the protests;
- immediately release all EU nationals arrested and drop all charges against them;
- swiftly repeal laws that impose compulsory veiling on women and girls, abolish the 'morality' police and end systemic discrimination against women in all fields of life;
- introduce an immediate moratorium on the use of the death penalty.

For its part, the EU should add Iranian officials, including all those associated with the 'morality' police, who are found complicit in or responsible for the death of Mahsa Jina Amini and violence against protesters, to the EU's list of individuals against whom restrictive measures in relation to serious human rights violations in Iran have been imposed.