

Basic information	
2024/2051(INI) INI - Own-initiative procedure	Procedure completed
A revamped long-term budget for the Union in a changing world Subject 8.70 Budget of the Union	

Key players				
European Parliament	Committee responsible		Rapporteur	Appointed
	BUDG	Budgets	MUREŞAN Siegfried (EPP)	04/10/2024
			TAVARES Carla (S&D)	04/10/2024
	Committee for opinion		Rapporteur for opinion	Appointed
	AFET	Foreign Affairs	VAUTMANS Hilde (Renew)	19/12/2024
	DEVE	Development	ANDREWS Barry (Renew)	31/03/2025
	CONT	Budgetary Control	GOTINK Dirk (EPP)	18/12/2024
	ECON	Economic and Monetary Affairs	BOESELAGER Damian (Greens/EFA)	10/10/2024
	EMPL	Employment and Social Affairs	TOMC Romana (EPP)	03/10/2024
	ENVI	Environment, Climate and Food Safety	HADJIPANTELA Michalis (EPP)	26/11/2024
	ITRE	Industry, Research and Energy	EHLER Christian (EPP)	24/10/2024
	IMCO	Internal Market and Consumer Protection	SALLA Aura (EPP)	14/01/2025
	TRAN	Transport and Tourism	SERRANO SIERRA Rosa (S&D)	04/11/2024
	REGI	Regional Development	BENEA Dragoş (S&D)	22/10/2024

	AGRI Agriculture and Rural Development	BONACCINI Stefano (S&D)	27/01/2025
	CULT Culture and Education	HEIDE Hannes (S&D)	24/10/2024
	LIBE Civil Liberties, Justice and Home Affairs	FOURLAS Loucas (EPP)	21/11/2024
	AFCO Constitutional Affairs	Chair on behalf of committee SIMON Sven (EPP)	14/10/2024
	FEMM Women's Rights and Gender Equality	GEESE Alexandra (Greens /EFA)	04/12/2024
European Commission	Commission DG	Commissioner	
	Budget	SERAFIN Piotr	

Key events			
Date	Event	Reference	Summary
10/10/2024	Committee referral announced in Parliament		
23/04/2025	Vote in committee		
25/04/2025	Committee report tabled for plenary	A10-0076/2025	
06/05/2025	Debate in Parliament		
07/05/2025	Decision by Parliament	T10-0090/2025	Summary
07/05/2025	Results of vote in Parliament		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2024/2051(INI)
Procedure type	INI - Own-initiative procedure
Procedure subtype	Initiative
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 55
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	BUDG/10/01070

Documentation gateway

European Parliament

Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Committee draft report		PE766.828	29/01/2025	
Amendments tabled in committee		PE769.935	24/02/2025	
Amendments tabled in committee		PE770.041	24/02/2025	
Committee opinion	CULT	PE768.141	19/03/2025	
Committee opinion	ITRE	PE768.240	19/03/2025	
Committee opinion	TRAN	PE769.921	19/03/2025	
Committee opinion	AFCO	PE768.115	20/03/2025	
Committee opinion	AFET	PE769.922	20/03/2025	
Committee opinion	AGRI	PE768.078	27/03/2025	
Committee opinion	ECON	PE765.334	31/03/2025	
Committee opinion	EMPL	PE765.094	01/04/2025	
Committee opinion	CONT	PE768.034	02/04/2025	
Committee opinion	REGI	PE770.104	02/04/2025	
Committee opinion	ENVI	PE766.970	08/04/2025	
Committee opinion	DEVE	PE768.043	09/04/2025	
Committee opinion	FEMM	PE768.213	09/04/2025	
Committee opinion	LIBE	PE769.925	09/04/2025	
Committee opinion	IMCO	PE767.893	23/04/2025	
Committee report tabled for plenary, single reading		A10-0076/2025	25/04/2025	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		T10-0090/2025	07/05/2025	Summary

European Commission

Document type	Reference	Date	Summary
Commission response to text adopted in plenary	SP(2025)06	25/06/2025	

Meetings with interest representatives published in line with the Rules of Procedure

Rapporteurs, Shadow Rapporteurs and Committee Chairs

Transparency				
Name	Role	Committee	Date	Interest representatives
MUREȘAN Siegfried	Rapporteur	BUDG	16/10/2025	BUSINESSEUROPE

MUREŞAN Siegfried	Rapporteur	BUDG	07/10/2025	COPA COGECA Secretary General
MUREŞAN Siegfried	Rapporteur	BUDG	24/09/2025	Farm Europe
MUREŞAN Siegfried	Rapporteur	BUDG	24/09/2025	Presidents of COPA COGECA
MUREŞAN Siegfried	Rapporteur	BUDG	04/09/2025	President of Copa
MUREŞAN Siegfried	Rapporteur	BUDG	04/09/2025	Federation of German Industries
KELLER Fabienne	Shadow rapporteur	BUDG	25/06/2025	European Federation of Journalists
TAVARES Carla	Rapporteur	BUDG	25/03/2025	Eurocities Mayor of Strasbourg
CHAHIM Mohammed	Shadow rapporteur for opinion	ENVI	24/03/2025	WWF European Policy Programme
SCHILLING Lena	Shadow rapporteur for opinion	BUDG	19/03/2025	ÖBB-Holding AG
TAVARES Carla	Rapporteur	BUDG	17/02/2025	Comunidade Intermunicipal do Douro (CIMDOURO)
GOERENS Charles	Rapporteur for opinion	DEVE	05/02/2025	VOICE eu
VAUTMANS Hilde	Rapporteur for opinion	AFET	03/02/2025	UNICEF
VAUTMANS Hilde	Rapporteur for opinion	AFET	30/01/2025	Search for Common Ground
GOERENS Charles	Rapporteur for opinion	DEVE	30/01/2025	UNICEF
GOERENS Charles	Rapporteur for opinion	DEVE	28/01/2025	World bank Group
TAVARES Carla	Rapporteur	BUDG	27/01/2025	Magellan Circle - European Affairs Consultancy
MARQUARDT Erik	Shadow rapporteur for opinion	DEVE	21/01/2025	ODI Europe
OLIVEIRA João	Shadow rapporteur	BUDG	17/01/2025	Naturschutzbund Deutschland e.V. WWF European Policy Programme
DOBREV Klára	Shadow rapporteur for opinion	EMPL	15/01/2025	Social Platform
GEESE Alexandra	Rapporteur for opinion	FEMM	10/12/2024	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
TAVARES Carla	Rapporteur	BUDG	04/12/2024	MBDA

Other Members

Transparency		
Name	Date	Interest representatives
YAR Lucia	28/04/2025	Permanent Representation of the Slovak Republic to the EU
BOYLAN Lynn	25/02/2025	WWF European Policy Programme
SINGER Christine	24/02/2025	WWF Deutschland WWF European Policy Programme
UŠAKOVŠ Nils	05/02/2025	CEE Bankwatch Network

A revamped long-term budget for the Union in a changing world

The European Parliament adopted by 317 votes to 206, with 123 abstentions, a resolution on a revamped long-term budget for the Union in a changing world.

To meet the challenges of a rapidly changing world, Parliament insisted that the allocation for the next Multiannual Financial Framework (MFF) should be higher than that of the MFF for the period 2021 to 2027, **moving away from the restrictive historical limit of 1% of its GNI**. The next MFF should focus on financing European public goods that have clear added value compared to national spending.

Members considered that the 'one national plan per Member State' approach as envisaged by the Commission, with the Recovery and Resilience Facility model as a blueprint, cannot be the basis for shared management spending post-2027. Instead, they called for shared management to preserve Parliament's role as legislator and budgetary authority and to involve local and regional authorities. Members called for the next MFF to continue supporting economic, social, and territorial cohesion.

According to Parliament, the Commission's idea of an 'umbrella Competitiveness Fund' - which would merge several existing programmes - is not fit for purpose. Instead, the fund should be a new instrument that draws on existing financing tools based on lessons learned from the InvestEU programme and the Innovation Fund and complements existing successful programmes.

Parliament also calls for:

- a move towards a genuine **defence** union given the withdrawal of the United States from its role as global guarantor of peace and security, by supporting a comprehensive approach to security through increased investment without reducing spending on economic and social cohesion;
- a real **simplification** for the final beneficiaries which must not give more leeway to the Commission without the necessary checks and balances and which must respect the institutional balance provided for by the treaties;
- a guarantee that spending programmes retain a significant **in-built flexibility reserve**, with appropriations earmarked for specific policy objectives determined by the budgetary authority. Humanitarian aid flexibility should be ring-fenced and the post-2027 MFF should include two special instruments, one to ensure solidarity in the event of natural disasters and the other to respond to crises in general;
- the protection of the EU budget from abuse, fraud and violations of the principles of **the rule of law** by strengthening the link between the rule of law and the Union budget after 2027.

The repayment of **NextGenerationEU** loans must not jeopardise the financing of EU strategies and priorities. Members therefore insisted that all costs related to borrowing guaranteed by the EU budget be treated separately from appropriations for EU programmes within the architecture of the next MFF. The Council is called upon to urgently adopt **new own resources** to enable the sustainable repayment of NextGenerationEU loans.

A long-term budget with a renewed spending target

The next budget should enable the Union to achieve its strategic objectives, namely (i) competitiveness, strategic autonomy, social, economic and territorial cohesion, (ii) support for the ecological and digital transitions, (iii) security, defence and preparedness, (iv) external action and enlargement, (v) promotion of fundamental rights, Union values and the rule of law.

Members believe that the post-2027 MFF should, among other things:

- strengthen competitiveness, decarbonising the economy and improving the Union's capacity for innovation;
- encourage economic growth, but also social, economic and territorial cohesion and environmental sustainability;
- take advantage of synergies between public and private investment to fill the investment gap;
- reduce risks for private investments, to mobilize these investments and to benefit from them, thus facilitating access to financing for start-ups and SMEs;
- significantly increase funding for research and innovation and provide for investments in the space sector;
- provide significantly more directly managed funding for energy, digital and transport infrastructure;
- contribute to creating quality, well-paid jobs through programmes such as the European Social Fund Plus and Erasmus+;
- supporting major economic and job-creating sectors in which the Union is already a world leader, such as tourism and the cultural and creative sectors;
- continue to support the competitiveness and resilience of the Union's agriculture and fisheries sectors and provide an increased and specific budget for the CAP in response to the new global challenges facing Union farmers;
- enable the Union to play a central role in reducing inequalities, poverty and social exclusion, in particular by supporting children, families and vulnerable groups.

Parliament proposed to support and accelerate the **ecological and digital transitions**, in particular through increased direct support for environmental protection, biodiversity and climate action, building on the current LIFE programme, and support for the development and safe application of digital technologies.

With the current **defence spending** gap at EUR 500 billion over the next ten years, Members stressed that the EU budget has an important role to play, in conjunction with national budgets and with a focus on clear European added value. They called for enhanced joint investment at EU level in defence, supported by a clear and transparent governance structure, while stressing the importance of increasing budgetary support for military mobility.

The budget must also confirm the EU's role as the world's largest provider **of development aid** and climate finance and must support the EU's efforts to uphold the rules-based international order, democracy, multilateralism, human rights, and fundamental values. Given the scale of humanitarian crises, the intensification of global challenges, and the uncertainty of US aid under the current administration, humanitarian aid funding will need to be significantly increased.

The resolution finally underlined the importance of the EU budget and programmes such as Erasmus+ and Citizens, Equality, Rights and Values in **promoting and protecting democracy and EU values**, raising awareness of the EU's common cultural heritage and fostering European integration, strengthening civic engagement, civic education and youth participation. In this regard, it called for an increase in funding for Erasmus+ in the next MFF.

According to Members, the long-term budget must (i) integrate the Union's strategic objectives, (ii) be accompanied by an efficient administration at the service of Europeans, (iii) be simpler and more transparent, (iv) be more flexible and more responsive to crises and shocks, (v) be more results-oriented, (vi) manage liabilities in a sustainable manner, (vii) be adequately resourced and financed sustainably, and (viii) be based on close interinstitutional cooperation.