



Basic information	
2024/2116(INI) INI - Own-initiative procedure	Procedure completed
Facilitating the financing of investments and reforms to boost European competitiveness and creating a Capital Markets Union (Draghi Report)	
Subject 2.50 Free movement of capital 2.50.03 Securities and financial markets, stock exchange, CIUTS, investments 4.70.01 Structural funds, investment funds in general, programmes	

Key players				
European Parliament	Committee responsible		Rapporteur	Appointed
	ECON Economic and Monetary Affairs		LALUCQ Aurore (S&D)	19/11/2024
	Committee for opinion		Rapporteur for opinion	Appointed
	BUDG Budgets		RESSLER Karlo (EPP)	23/01/2025
European Commission	Commission DG		Commissioner	
	Financial Stability, Financial Services and Capital Markets Union		ALBUQUERQUE Maria Luís	

Key events			
Date	Event	Reference	Summary
23/01/2025	Committee referral announced in Parliament		
24/06/2025	Vote in committee		
01/07/2025	Committee report tabled for plenary	A10-0124/2025	
08/09/2025	Debate in Parliament		
10/09/2025	Decision by Parliament	T10-0185/2025	Summary
10/09/2025	Results of vote in Parliament		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2024/2116(INI)

Procedure type	INI - Own-initiative procedure
Procedure subtype	Initiative
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 55
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	ECON/10/01703

Documentation gateway				
European Parliament				
Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Committee draft report		PE770.112	12/03/2025	
Amendments tabled in committee		PE773.128	05/05/2025	
Amendments tabled in committee		PE773.152	05/05/2025	
Committee opinion	BUDG	PE772.006	04/06/2025	
Committee report tabled for plenary, single reading		A10-0124/2025	01/07/2025	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		T10-0185/2025	10/09/2025	Summary
European Commission				
Document type		Reference	Date	Summary
Commission response to text adopted in plenary		SP(2026)03-26	26/03/2026	

Meetings with interest representatives published in line with the Rules of Procedure

Rapporteurs, Shadow Rapporteurs and Committee Chairs

Transparency				
Name	Role	Committee	Date	Interest representatives
LALUCQ Aurore	Rapporteur	ECON	15/04/2025	Insurance Europe
CROSETTO Giovanni	Shadow rapporteur	ECON	25/03/2025	Associazione Nazionale fra le Imprese Assicuratrici
CROSETTO Giovanni	Shadow rapporteur	ECON	18/03/2025	Associazione Bancaria Italiana
LALUCQ Aurore	Rapporteur	ECON	10/03/2025	Cleantech for Europe
LALUCQ Aurore	Rapporteur	ECON	06/03/2025	Invest Europe
LALUCQ Aurore	Rapporteur	ECON	06/03/2025	ShareAction Europe Third Generation Environmentalism Ltd WWF European Policy Programme
LALUCQ Aurore	Rapporteur	ECON	05/03/2025	European Investment Bank (EIB)
LALUCQ Aurore	Rapporteur	ECON	05/03/2025	DIGITALEUROPE

LALUCQ Aurore	Rapporteur	ECON	04/03/2025	Euroclear SA/NV
LALUCQ Aurore	Rapporteur	ECON	20/02/2025	European Federation of Investors and Financial Services Users
LALUCQ Aurore	Rapporteur	ECON	18/02/2025	European Stability Mechanism (ESM)
LALUCQ Aurore	Rapporteur	ECON	18/02/2025	Centre for European Policy Studies Euronext Finance Watch European Central Bank
LALUCQ Aurore	Rapporteur	ECON	17/02/2025	Author of the report on the Future of European competitiveness
LALUCQ Aurore	Rapporteur	ECON	03/02/2025	Assicurazioni Generali S.p.A
LALUCQ Aurore	Rapporteur	ECON	30/01/2025	Reclaim Finance
LALUCQ Aurore	Rapporteur	ECON	28/01/2025	Deutsche Börse Group
LALUCQ Aurore	Rapporteur	ECON	23/01/2025	Deutscher Gewerkschaftsbund
LALUCQ Aurore	Rapporteur	ECON	16/01/2025	Bureau Européen des Unions de Consommateurs Union Fédérale des Consommateurs - Que Choisir
LALUCQ Aurore	Rapporteur	ECON	16/01/2025	Author of the report "Developing European capital markets to finance the future"
LALUCQ Aurore	Rapporteur	ECON	16/01/2025	Author of the report "Much more than a market"
LALUCQ Aurore	Rapporteur	ECON	08/01/2025	EUROPEAN TRADE UNION CONFEDERATION

Other Members

Transparency		
Name	Date	Interest representatives
VAN OVERTVELDT Johan	03/07/2025	Federation of European Securities Exchanges
VAN OVERTVELDT Johan	02/06/2025	Rosa Armesto

Facilitating the financing of investments and reforms to boost European competitiveness and creating a Capital Markets Union (Draghi Report)

2024/2116(INI) - 10/09/2025 - Text adopted by Parliament, single reading

The European Parliament adopted by 407 votes to 161, with 97 abstentions, a resolution on facilitating the financing of investments and reforms to boost European competitiveness and creating a Capital Markets Union (Draghi Report).

The recent Draghi report highlighted a minimum annual need for additional investment of EUR 750-800 billion to restore the Union's productivity and achieve its environmental and social objectives. However, the current investment landscape in the Union is fragmented, with significant disparities in access to private finance, particularly for innovative and high-growth companies.

Building a shared vision for Europe's productivity

Members called for a general mobilisation of all legal, administrative and financial resources and available instruments to **strengthen EU security and industrial and technological sovereignty**, by accelerating and investing in transitions, enhancing competitiveness, generating sustained economic growth, creating quality jobs, supporting SMEs and contributing to upward social convergence and cohesion within the EU. Europe is lagging behind and could run the risk of becoming irrelevant if no further action is taken.

Parliament acknowledges that the Draghi and Letta reports are wake-up calls for European and national policymakers and a starting point for measures to **encourage both private and public investment, including in tech sectors**, the transitioning automotive sector, and heavy industries such as steel and chemicals. Members called on Member States to build on the existing momentum and work with Parliament to **make real progress in**

integrating the Union's financial markets. They encouraged all parties to make efforts to achieve the Savings and Investment Union as soon as possible.

Parliament believes that legislative stability and predictability could become a genuine comparative and competitive advantage, as they are essential for international investor confidence. It emphasised the intrinsic link between the rule of law and sustainable and competitive economic growth and drew attention to the fact that the soundness of the financial sector is a key element of its competitiveness.

Members regretted that many EU-based entrepreneurs feel the need to relocate to gain easier access to financing and resources. The lack of large-scale venture capital funds is forcing them to resort to foreign investments and foreign markets. They therefore stressed the importance of developing **a strong ecosystem for venture capital** and investment in the EU.

Stressing that public investment plays a crucial role in complementing private investment, Members urged the Commission to come forward with proposals to mobilise additional capital. Financial instruments and budgetary guarantees represent an efficient use of resources to advance the EU's key policy objectives.

Mobilise private investment and ease access to finance by developing a savings and investment union

European capital markets currently remain highly fragmented, with the size of European investment funds remaining almost seven times smaller than US funds. Parliament called on the Commission and Member States to develop legislative or other solutions to **foster the creation of an integrated EU-wide capital market** of sufficient size, liquidity, depth and transparency to attract both European and international investors, while ensuring consumer protection and preserving financial stability.

Furthermore, venture capital should be made more widely available to businesses as an alternative to traditional bank lending in order to diversify funding sources. The Commission is invited to propose measures to strengthen this type of financing for EU businesses.

The resolution stressed in particular the need to:

- promote the **supervisory convergence process** led by ESMA, including by granting it direct supervisory powers where this brings European added value – for example, on pan-European market infrastructures;
- ensure that the ECB contributes to enhancing the interoperability, resilience and integration of trading and post-trading systems at Union level;
- present proposals to support the relocation of clearing activities within the Union;
- reduce the **administrative burden** and compliance costs incurred in a cross-border context by improving coordination and cooperation between national supervisory authorities;
- streamline **administrative procedures** to improve the Union's attractiveness as an investment destination and align Member States' legislative frameworks to facilitate cross-border activities.

Parliament asked the Commission (i) to draw up proposals to facilitate the channelling of **savings** into productive investments through long-term savings products, (ii) to explore the idea of creating an **EU investment savings account** accessible to all EU citizens or an EU-wide **label** for investment products tailored to retail investors and (iii) to assess the added value of a label for investments that offer return prospects to investors on a global scale or that are sustainable and mainly located in the EU (the 'Invest' or 'Made In Europe' label).

Making the best use of public resources to close the productivity gap

Members believe that the urgent need for action on competitiveness, defence, energy and decarbonisation will require a **significant mobilisation of private and public investment**. Parliament expects the Commission and Member States to take ambitious and concrete measures to avoid a slump in public investment after 2026 and stresses the need for effective coordination of national budgetary policies to maintain sufficient levels of public investment for the Union.

Lastly, the resolution noted that the issuance of a **common safe asset** could constitute a benchmark that would facilitate the achievement of the Capital Markets Union, strengthen the international role of the euro and respond to some of the investment needs identified in the Draghi report.