

| Basic information | |
|---|---------------------|
| 2024/2839(RSP) RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects | Procedure completed |
| Resolution on Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2024/1822 authorising the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified maize DP915635 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council Subject 3.10.09.06 Agro-genetics, GMOs | |

| Key players | | | |
|---------------------|--|---|--|
| European Parliament | Committee responsible | Rapporteur | Appointed |
| | <div>ENVI</div> Environment, Climate and Food Safety | BORZAN Biljana (S&D) HÄUSLING Martin (Greens /EFA) HAZEKAMP Anja (The Left) | 12/09/2024 12/09/2024 12/09/2024 |

| Key events | | | |
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| Date | Event | Reference | Summary |
| 26/11/2024 | Decision by Parliament | T10-0042/2024 | Summary |
| 26/11/2024 | Results of vote in Parliament |  | |

| Technical information | |
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| Procedure reference | 2024/2839(RSP) |
| Procedure type | RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects |
| Procedure subtype | Resolution on implementing act or powers |
| Legal basis | Rules of Procedure EP 115-p2-3 |
| Stage reached in procedure | Procedure completed |
| Committee dossier | ENVI/10/01012 |

| Documentation gateway | | | | |
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| European Parliament | | | | |
| Document type | Committee | Reference | Date | Summary |

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| Motion for a resolution | | B10-0149/2024 | 23/10/2024 | |
| Text adopted by Parliament, single reading | | T10-0042/2024 | 26/11/2024 | Summary |
| European Commission | | | | |
| Document type | Reference | Date | Summary | |
| Commission response to text adopted in plenary | SP(2025)06 | 04/06/2025 | | |

Resolution on Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2024/1822 authorising the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified maize DP915635 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council

2024/2839(RSP) - 26/11/2024 - Text adopted by Parliament, single reading

The European Parliament adopted by 478 votes to 166, with 17 abstentions, a resolution **objecting** to the Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2024/1822 authorising the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified maize DP915635 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council.

On 20 December 2020, Pioneer Overseas Corporation, Inc. based in Belgium, submitted, on behalf of Pioneer Hi-Bred International, based in the United States, an application to the national competent authority of the Netherlands for the placing on the market of foods, food ingredients and feed containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified maize. EFSA adopted a favourable opinion, which was published on 17 January 2024.

The GM maize contains genes conferring **resistance to glufosinate** and produces the insecticidal IPD079Ea toxin derived from the *Ophioglossum pendulum* fern.

Parliament highlighted the **lack of assessment of the complementary herbicide**. It recalled that a number of studies show that herbicide-tolerant GM crops result in a higher use of complementary herbicides, in large part because of the emergence of herbicide-tolerant weeds.

Glufosinate is classified as **toxic to reproduction** 1B. The approval of glufosinate for use in the Union expired on 31 July 2018.

Furthermore, there are outstanding questions concerning the assessment of the **toxin IPD079Ea** of which the mode of action was badly described.

Member States submitted many critical comments to EFSA, including that an opinion on the safety of the GM maize cannot be given in view of the data gaps in the file relating to the requirements of Implementing Regulation (EU) No 503/2013, that the monitoring plan requires further elaboration, and that the effects of glufosinate on the gut microbiome of consumers and on the soil-microflora have not been considered by EFSA, even though they are clearly affected.

Parliament stressed the need to ensure a **global level playing field** given the challenge of diverging standards of the Union and its trading partners, and to respect the **EU's international obligations**.

According to Members, authorising the import for food or feed uses of any GM plant which has been made tolerant to herbicides is incoherent with the Union's international commitments under, *inter alia*, the United Nations Convention on Biological Diversity and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, including the recently adopted Kunming-Montreal Framework, which includes a global target to reduce the risk of pesticides by at least 50 % by 2030. It is also important to **reduce the dependency** on imported feed.

On a **procedural** note, Parliament recalled that it adopted 38 resolutions objecting to the placing GMOs on the market. Despite its own acknowledgement of the democratic shortcomings, the lack of support from Member States and the objections of Parliament, the Commission continues to authorise GMOs.

On the basis of these considerations, Parliament considered that the Implementing Decision is **not consistent with Union law**, which is to provide the basis for ensuring a high level of protection of human life and health, animal health and welfare, and environmental and consumer interests, in relation to GM food and feed, while ensuring the effective functioning of the internal market.

Therefore, Parliament called on the Commission to:

- **repeal Implementing Decision (EU) 2024/1822;**

- **not authorise** herbicide-tolerant GM crops, due to the associated increased use of complementary herbicides and therefore the increased risks to biodiversity, food safety and workers' health;
- deliver, as matter of urgency, on its commitment to come forward with a proposal to ensure that **hazardous chemicals** banned in the Union are not produced for export;
- **take into account the Union's obligations under international agreements**, such as the Paris Climate Agreement, the United Nations Convention on Biological Diversity and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals. The draft implementing acts should be accompanied by an explanatory memorandum explaining how they uphold the principle of 'do no harm'.