



| Basic information  |                     |
|--|---------------------|
| <b>2024/2992(RSP)</b><br>RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects   | Procedure completed |
| Resolution on the 11th year of the occupation of the Autonomous Republic of Crimea and the city of Sevastopol by the Russian Federation and the deteriorating human rights situation in occupied Crimea, notably the cases of Iryna Danylovykh, Tofik Abdulhaziev and Amet Suleymanov<br><br><b>Subject</b><br><br>6.10.08 Fundamental freedoms, human rights, democracy in general<br><br><b>Geographical area</b><br><br>Russian Federation<br>Ukraine |                     |

| Key events |                               |  |         |
|------------|-------------------------------|--|---------|
| Date       | Event                         | Reference  | Summary |
| 18/12/2024 | Debate in Parliament          |   |         |
| 19/12/2024 | Decision by Parliament        | T10-0072/2024  | Summary |
| 19/12/2024 | Results of vote in Parliament |  |         |

| Technical information      |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Procedure reference        | 2024/2992(RSP)  |
| Procedure type             | RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects                     |
| Procedure subtype          | Urgent debate or resolution                               |
| Legal basis                | Rules of Procedure EP 150-p2<br>Rules of Procedure EP 150 |
| Stage reached in procedure | Procedure completed                                       |

| Documentation gateway                      |           |                               |            |         |
|--|-----------|-------------------------------|------------|---------|
| European Parliament                        |           |                               |            |         |
| Document type                              | Committee | Reference                     | Date       | Summary |
| Motion for a resolution                    |           | <a href="#">B10-0219/2024</a> | 16/12/2024 |         |
| Motion for a resolution                    |           | <a href="#">B10-0229/2024</a> | 16/12/2024 |         |
| Motion for a resolution                    |           | <a href="#">B10-0232/2024</a> | 16/12/2024 |         |
| Motion for a resolution                    |           | <a href="#">B10-0233/2024</a> | 16/12/2024 |         |
| Motion for a resolution                    |           | <a href="#">B10-0235/2024</a> | 16/12/2024 |         |
| Text adopted by Parliament, single reading |           | <a href="#">T10-0072/2024</a> | 19/12/2024 | Summary |

# **Resolution on the 11th year of the occupation of the Autonomous Republic of Crimea and the city of Sevastopol by the Russian Federation and the deteriorating human rights situation in occupied Crimea, notably the cases of Iryna Danylovysh, Tofik Abdulhaziiiev and Amet Suleymanov**

2024/2992(RSP) - 19/12/2024 - Text adopted by Parliament, single reading

The European Parliament adopted by 446 votes to 25, with 51 abstentions, a resolution on the 11th year of the occupation of the Autonomous Republic of Crimea and the city of Sevastopol by the Russian Federation and the deteriorating human rights situation in occupied Crimea, notably the cases of Iryna Danylovysh, Tofik Abdulhaziiiev and Amet Suleymanov.

The text adopted in plenary was tabled by the EPP, S&D, ECR, Renew, Greens/EFA groups and members.

Crimean journalist and human rights defender Iryna Danylovysh was abducted in 2022, accused of possessing explosives and sentenced to 6 years and 11 months of imprisonment. NGO activist Tofik Abdulhaziiiev was arrested in 2019 and sentenced to 12 years in a maximum security prison on trumped-up charges, and since 2023 is being held in a prison some 2 700 km away from Crimea. In addition, citizen journalist Amet Suleymanov was sentenced to 12 years of prison in 2021. Many other Crimeans continue to be persecuted.

Against this background, Parliament condemned:

- the illegal occupation of the Autonomous Republic of Crimea and the city of Sevastopol by Russia;
- Russia's continuous targeting of ethnic Ukrainians and systematic persecution of indigenous Crimean Tatars;
- the persecution of journalists, civil society activists and human rights defenders and the deportation of civilians including political prisoners from Crimea to penitentiary institutions across Russia, contrary to international law.

Members demanded the immediate and unconditional release of Iryna Danylovysh, Tofik Abdulhaziiiev and Amet Suleymanov and other political prisoners and called for immediate medical care to be provided.

The international community is called on to continue its policy of non-recognition of the illegal annexation of Crimea and for sanctions against individuals and legal entities involved in the illegal annexation to be strengthened.