Basic information	
2025/0066(NLE)	Awaiting final decision
NLE - Non-legislative enactments Decision	
EC/India Agreement for scientific and technological cooperation: renewal of the Agreement	
Subject	
3.50.20 Scientific and technological cooperation and agreements	
Geographical area	
India	

Key players				
European Parliament	Committee responsible	Rapporteur Appointed		
ranianient	ITRE Industry, Research and Energy	Chair on behalf of committee BUDKA Borys (EPP) 25/06/2025		
		Shadow rapporteur  ERIKSSON Sofie (S&D)		
Council of the European Union				
European Commission	Commission DG	Commissioner		
	Research and Innovation	ZAHARIEVA Ekaterina		

Date	Event	Reference	Summary
26/03/2025	Preparatory document	COM(2025)0128	
23/05/2025	Legislative proposal published	08080/2025	Summary
19/06/2025	Committee referral announced in Parliament		
16/07/2025	Vote in committee		
16/07/2025	Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading	A10-0145/2025	
10/09/2025	Decision by Parliament	T10-0183/2025	Summary
10/09/2025	Results of vote in Parliament		

Technical information		
Procedure reference 2025/0066(NLE)		
Procedure type	NLE - Non-legislative enactments	
Procedure subtype	Consent by Parliament	
Legislative instrument	Decision	
Other legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 165	
Stage reached in procedure	Awaiting final decision	
Committee dossier	ITRE/10/02725	

Documentation gateway							
European Parliament							
Document type	Committee		Reference		Date	Summary	
Committee draft report			PE775.447		02/07/2025		
Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading			A10-0145/2025		16/07/2025		
Text adopted by Parliament, 1st reading/single reading			T10-0183/2025		10/09/2025	Summary	
Council of the EU							
Document type	Refere		ence			Summary	
Legislative proposal	gislative proposal C		08080/2025		5/2025	Summary	
European Commission							
Document type	Referen		се	Date		Summary	
Commission document (COM)	COM(20		025)0128	26/0	3/2025		

## EC/India Agreement for scientific and technological cooperation: renewal of the Agreement

2025/0066(NLE) - 10/09/2025 - Text adopted by Parliament, 1st reading/single reading

The European Parliament adopted by 624 votes to 9, with 32 abstentions, a legislative resolution on the draft Council decision concerning the renewal of the Agreement for scientific and technological cooperation between the European Community and the Government of the Republic of India.

Parliament gave its consent to the renewal of the agreement.

The strategically important renewal of the European Union-India Science and Technology Cooperation Agreement allows for continued collaboration in key areas such as clean energy, health, AI, and sustainable development, with proven mutual benefits.

The ongoing cooperation, which has already resulted in major joint projects and significant exchanges of researchers, improves market access for EU companies. This agreement supports the EU's interests, strengthens ties established through the Trade and Technology Council, and boosts Europe's international competitiveness through joint funding, joint research, and India's market access.

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The substance of the renewed agreement is identical to that of the current agreement. It will not create new rights and obligations for the EU, but

The European Parliament adopted by 528 votes to 89, with 48 abstentions, a legislative resolution on the draft Council decision to on the accession of Vanuatu the Interim Partnership Agreement between the European Community, of the one part, and the Pacific States, of the other part.

Parliament gave its consent to the accession of Vanuatu to the Agreement.

instead it will extend in time the existing framework between the Parties under the Agreement.

The accession of Vanuatu to the interim EPA between the EU, Fiji, Papua New Guinea, Samoa and Solomon Islands, which is an asymmetric and WTO-compatible trade agreement, reinforces the legal framework of the EU trade relations with Pacific partner countries and facilitates reciprocal trade. It also incorporates Vanuatu into the regime of joint rules and institutions established by the interim EPA.

The interim EPA is a development-oriented trade agreement that provides asymmetrical access to Vanuatu's market and allows the country to protect sensitive sectors from liberalisation, while also providing for a number of safeguards and an infant industry protection clause. It also contains rules of origin provisions that facilitate Vanuatu's exports to the EU.

Following Vanuatu's classification by the World Bank as an upper middle-income country, the country will be removed from the list of Everything But Arms (EBA) beneficiary countries under the Generalised Scheme of Preferences (GSP), and will no longer benefit from the tariff preferences (duty-free and quota-free access to the EU market) provided under the special arrangement EBA for the least-developed countries as of 1 January 2025.

## EC/India Agreement for scientific and technological cooperation: renewal of the Agreement

2025/0066(NLE) - 23/05/2025 - Legislative proposal

PURPOSE: renewal of the Agreement on scientific and technological cooperation between the European Community and the Government of the Republic of India.

PROPOSED ACT: Decision of the Council.

ROLE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT: Council may adopt the act only if Parliament has given its consent to the act.

BACKGROUND: the Agreement for scientific and technological cooperation between the European Community and the Government of the Republic of India was signed in New Delhi on 23 November 2001 and entered into force on 14 October 2002. The Agreement has already been renewed three times, in 2009, 2015 and 2020, for a further period of five years each time. The current Agreement is due to expire on 17 May 2025.

The Commission's evaluation demonstrates that the Agreement continues to provide an important framework for facilitating cooperation between the Union and the Republic of India in common priority scientific and technological areas of mutual benefit. It is therefore in the Union's interest to renew the Agreement for a further period of five years. Both Parties have confirmed their intention to renew the Agreement for a further period of five years without amendment.

CONTENT: the Council's draft aims to approve, on behalf of the Union, the renewal of the Agreement for scientific and technological cooperation between the European Community and the Government of the Republic of India for a further period of five years.

This Decision will enable both sides to improve intensify their cooperation in scientific and technological areas of common interest in line with the EU Strategy on India and the EU-India Strategic Partnership Roadmap.

It will allow a further exchange of specific knowledge and a transfer of know-how to the benefit of the scientific communities, industry and citizens. A useful forum will continue to be offered to assess past cooperation and determine future actions, to address global challenges and to promote reciprocal access to programmes and funding.

The substance of the renewed Agreement will be identical to that of the current Agreement, as discussed and agreed with the Indian counterparts. It will not create new rights and obligations for the EU. The renewal of the agreement has retroactive effect as of 17 May 2025.