Basic information	formation		
2025/0806(CNS)	Awaiting final decision		
CNS - Consultation procedure Regulation			
Collection of statistical information by the European Central Bank			
Subject			
2.50.10 Financial supervision 5.20.03 European Central Bank (ECB), ESCB			

Key players					
European Parliament	Committee responsible	Rapporteur Appointed			
	ECON Economic and Monetary	Affairs LALUCQ Aurore (S&D) 15/07/2025			
		Shadow rapporteur			
		PIETIKÄINEN Sirpa (EPP)			
		ZIJLSTRA Auke (PfE)			
		ZĪLE Roberts (ECR)			
		YON-COURTIN Stéphanie (Renew)			
		PETER-HANSEN Kira Marie (Greens/EFA)			
		SARAMO Jussi (The Left)			
		LAYKOVA Rada (ESN)			
Council of the					
European Union					
European Commission	Commission DG	Commissioner			
JOHNINSSION	Eurostat	DOMBROVSKIS Valdis			

Key events				
Date	Event	Reference	Summary	
18/06/2025	Legislative proposal published	09737/2025	Summary	
07/07/2025	Committee referral announced in Parliament			
05/11/2025	Vote in committee			
12/11/2025	Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading	A10-0222/2025		

26/11/2025	Decision by Parliament	T10-0297/2025	Summary
26/11/2025	Results of vote in Parliament		

Technical information	hnical information		
Procedure reference	2025/0806(CNS)		
Procedure type	CNS - Consultation procedure		
Procedure subtype	Legislation		
Legislative instrument	Regulation		
Legal basis	Treaty on the Functioning of the EU TFEU 129-p4		
Other legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 165		
Stage reached in procedure	Awaiting final decision		
Committee dossier	ECON/10/03136		

European Parliament				
Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Committee draft report		PE777.060	23/09/2025	
Amendments tabled in committee		PE778.222	07/10/2025	

Amendments tabled in committee PE778.222 07/10/2025

Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading

Text adopted by Parliament, 1st reading/single reading

T10-0297/2025 26/11/2025 Summary

## Council of the EU

**Documentation gateway** 

Document type	Reference	Date	Summary
Legislative proposal	09737/2025	18/06/2025	Summary

## **European Commission**

Document type	Reference	Date	Summary
For information	C(2025)7526	05/11/2025	

# Collection of statistical information by the European Central Bank

2025/0806(CNS) - 26/11/2025 - Text adopted by Parliament, 1st reading/single reading

The European Parliament adopted by 521 votes to 110, with 35 abstentions, (following the consultation procedure), a legislative resolution on the draft Council regulation amending Regulation (EC) No 2533/98 concerning the collection of statistical information by the European Central Bank.

Parliament approved the draft contained in the European Central Bank's recommendation, subject to amendments.

## Digital solutions

Given the potential that digitalisation presents, Members consider that that the ECB should **further explore** tools leveraging digitalisation to streamline data collection processes and alleviate the burden of tasks carried out by the ESCB and reporting agents. The ECB should continue to assess the opportunities and challenges brought by the use of the new digital technologies for the collection of statistical information and should make a **new recommendation** to amend this Regulation accordingly.

### Taking into account economic and structural challenges

The ECB should continue to strengthen its statistical framework to take account of evolving economic and structural challenges, in line with its primary mandate of price stability, complemented by its secondary objectives of supporting general economic policies in the Union, including those related to environmental and sustainability considerations.

## Artificial intelligence

The use of artificial intelligence carries specific risks related to transparency, bias, security, privacy, and accountability. Members called for any artificial intelligence system deployed by the ECB or national central banks in the performance of their statistical tasks to be used in a responsible, transparent and secure manner, ensuring appropriate human oversight and full accountability, consistent with the Union's legal framework and with the independence of the ECB.

## Privacy policy

When ESCB members grant access to confidential statistical information in the cases referred to in the regulation, the natural person or legal entity receiving access should use those data **only for the purpose consented to by ESCB members** and, if applicable, by the reporting agent or other legal or natural person, entity or branch, which can be identified. If the natural person or legal entity receiving access to these data can store them, such storage shall be secured to avoid any breach of confidentiality. Storage should not exceed 3 years;

Confidential statistical information must be used exclusively for the purpose consented to by the ESCB member sharing the information and, if applicable, by the reporting agent or other legal or natural person, entity or branch, which can be identified by the confidential statistical information.

To foster independent research and scrutiny, the ECB and the national central banks should make confidential statistical information from the main ESCB datasets available to **accredited researchers** whenever such access can be provided without risk of disclosure.

#### Sanctions

Parliament suggested that the ECB update the fines every five years based on the euro area inflation rate.

## Collection of statistical information by the European Central Bank

2025/0806(CNS) - 18/06/2025 - Legislative proposal

PURPOSE: to amend Regulation (EC) No 2533/98 on the collection of statistical information by the European Central Bank (ECB).

PROPOSED ACT: Recommendation for a Council Regulation.

ROLE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT: the Council adopts the act after consulting the European Parliament but without being obliged to follow its opinion.

CONTENT: the ECB recommends amending Regulation (EC) No 2533/98 to address the significant changes in the paradigm of collection, compilation, dissemination and use of statistical information by the European System of Central Banks (ESCBs) owing to digital transformation. These changes have led to a demand for timelier, more frequent and more detailed statistical information but have also offered new possibilities for the more efficient collection of statistical information. These demands and opportunities should be balanced by minimising the associated risks and taking into account the need to reduce the reporting burden.

The proposed amendment of Regulation (EC) No 2533/98 therefore aims to increase the efficiency of production of statistics by the ESCB and the quality and usability of those statistics.

Changes have been made to the articles concerning:

## Reference reporting population

The ECB primarily collects statistical information from reporting agents falling within the sector 'financial corporations'. As a limited number of credit institutions may be classified with the 'general government' sector, it is necessary to ensure that they would fall within the limits of the reference reporting population in view of their relevance, in particular in the area of monetary and financial statistics.

When a reporting agent has a branch resident in another country, the branch is recognised as a reporting agent in its own right. To align with the statistical principles of cost-effectiveness and minimisation of the reporting burden, the ECB should also have the right to collect statistical information from reporting agents on entities controlled by them, or on their branches regardless of where they are located, in line with the 'once-only' principle.

## Modalities for the definition of statistical reporting requirements

When defining and imposing reporting requirements in order to collect the statistical information that is necessary to undertake the ESCB's tasks, it should be clarified that the ECB may take into account the potential use of such information for the performance of specific tasks concerning policies relating to the prudential supervision of credit institutions.

## Imposition of sanctions

In order to enhance the deterrent effect of sanctions for failure to comply with the obligations resulting from ECB regulations or decisions defining and imposing statistical reporting requirements, any failure to fulfil minimum standards in respect of the statistical reporting requirements with which reporting agents must comply should be deemed an infringement. The maximum amount of the sanctions should be increased.

## Confidentiality regime

The provisions governing the use and sharing of confidential statistical information within and by the ESCB should be extended and clarified. The exchange of confidential statistical information between the ESCB and the European Statistical System should continue to take place for statistical purposes only.

## Administrative to administrative data

Administrative data that are available should be used to the maximum extent possible, regardless of the purpose for which they were originally collected. When such data are integrated with statistical information, the same confidentiality regime should apply as for confidential information.