

Basic information	
<p>2025/2168(INI)</p> <p>INI - Own-initiative procedure</p> <p>Recommendation on enhanced EU-Canada cooperation in the light of the current geopolitical context, including the threats to Canada's economic stability and sovereignty</p> <p>Subject</p> <p>6.10 Common foreign and security policy (CFSP) 6.40.11 Relations with industrialised countries</p> <p>Geographical area</p> <p>Canada</p>	Procedure completed

Key players				
European Parliament	Committee responsible		Rapporteur	Appointed
	<div style="border: 1px solid red; display: inline-block; padding: 2px;">AFET</div> Foreign Affairs		CREMER Tobias (S&D)	09/04/2025
			Shadow rapporteur BUGALHO Sebastião (EPP) TÂNGER CORRÊA António (PFE) POZŃAKS Reinis (ECR) BARNA Dan (Renew) NIINISTÖ Ville (Greens/EFA) BOTENGA Marc (The Left)	
	Committee for opinion		Rapporteur for opinion	Appointed
<div style="border: 1px solid red; display: inline-block; padding: 2px;">INTA</div> International Trade		MORENO SÁNCHEZ Javier (S&D)	15/07/2025	
European Commission	Commission DG		Commissioner	
	European External Action Service		KALLAS Kaja	

Key events			
Date	Event	Reference	Summary

11/09/2025	Committee referral announced in Parliament		
25/02/2026	Vote in committee		
27/02/2026	Committee report tabled for plenary	A10-0035/2026	
10/03/2026	Debate in Parliament		
11/03/2026	Decision by Parliament	T10-0078/2026	Summary
11/03/2026	Results of vote in Parliament		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2025/2168(INI)
Procedure type	INI - Own-initiative procedure
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 121
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	AFET/10/03815

Documentation gateway				
European Parliament				
Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Committee draft report		PE778.092	16/10/2025	
Amendments tabled in committee		PE779.608	12/11/2025	
Committee opinion	INTA	PE779.289	27/01/2026	
Committee report tabled for plenary, single reading		A10-0035/2026	27/02/2026	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		T10-0078/2026	11/03/2026	Summary

Meetings with interest representatives published in line with the Rules of Procedure

Rapporteurs, Shadow Rapporteurs and Committee Chairs

Transparency				
Name	Role	Committee	Date	Interest representatives
VAIDERE Inese	Shadow rapporteur for opinion	INTA	21/01/2026	Alienor Fagette, Policy adviser (Digital industries), Mission of Canada to the EU

Recommendation on enhanced EU-Canada cooperation in the light of the current geopolitical context, including the threats to Canada's economic stability and sovereignty

The European Parliament adopted, by 482 votes to 108, with 42 abstentions, a recommendation to the Council, the Commission and the Vice-President of the Commission / High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy concerning an enhanced EU-Canada cooperation in the light of the current geopolitical context, including the threats to Canada's economic stability and sovereignty.

The EU-Canada partnership: institutional framework

Parliament called for seizing this moment of rupture in the international order and shared challenges to fully exploit the potential of the EU-Canada strategic partnership. It recommended **intensifying dialogues at multiple levels**, including summits and joint initiatives such as trade and investment missions, as well as long-term cooperation formats, to deepen cooperation and jointly address global challenges such as AI, energy, climate change, and cybersecurity, particularly at a time when the rules-based international order is under increasing pressure.

Cooperation in foreign and security policy

Parliament made the following recommendations:

- strengthen cooperation with Canada to address **security threats**, such as Russia's war against Ukraine, hybrid attacks, terrorism and interference in democratic societies on both sides of the Atlantic, China's assertiveness and economic coercion, US retreat from the rules-based international order, the consequences of climate change, AI, cybersecurity and the situation in the Middle East;
- establish a **roadmap** to ensure the full implementation of commitments made in the security and defence partnership and to integrate Canada, as far as possible, into the EU's defence industrial and technological base;
- encourage continued cooperation in key areas in order to stimulate **drone** -related production in synergy with EU industrial and technological initiatives;
- develop **coordination and cooperation** in key areas such as crisis management, peacekeeping, military mobility, cybersecurity, counter-terrorism, space security, energy security, artificial intelligence and emerging technologies, including quantum computing, in order to jointly develop key capabilities;
- defend **multilateralism** and strengthen cooperation between the EU and Canada inside and outside multilateral forums by coordinating positions, aligning initiatives and working together to defend shared values.

Parliament stressed the unwavering support of the Union and Canada for the sovereignty, independence and territorial integrity of **Ukraine**, as well as their cooperation and joint commitment to provide long-term political, military, financial and humanitarian assistance, including through the G7 and the coalition of willing countries.

Cooperation on the Arctic

Underlining the strategic importance of the Arctic region for both the EU and Canada, Parliament called for **enhanced cooperation** between the EU and Canada in the Arctic, including in the areas of sustainable economic development, freedom of navigation and maritime security, military cooperation, scientific research, and environmental monitoring and protection. Given the increasing militarisation of the Arctic, it is crucial to work with Canada and the United States to preserve the Arctic as a region of peace and stability.

Parliament has recommended:

- encouraging the establishment of a **specific EU-Canada cooperation framework for the Arctic** in order to promote a joint assessment of the situation and the protection of infrastructure, to address climate and environmental challenges and to protect the interests, rights and heritage of Arctic communities and Indigenous peoples;
- strengthening EU-Canada cooperation on **Arctic security**, including: (i) by jointly monitoring strategic maritime corridors, (ii) by establishing joint early warning systems and joint threat assessments, (iii) by addressing hybrid and conventional threats, such as cyberattacks, GPS interference and ghost fleet operations, and (iv) by safeguarding critical Arctic infrastructure, including submarine cables, gas pipelines and communication systems;
- supporting efforts to strengthen resilience to potential pressure from the activities of **China** and other actors that do not prioritise sustainable and rules-based extraction.

Trade in goods and services, digital trade, investment and economic security

Parliament recommended **promoting the benefits of CETA** within the EU and Member States, including better market access, simplified trade and reduced administrative barriers for SMEs, and starting negotiations without delay on an **ambitious standalone digital trade agreement** to complement CETA, which must respect the horizontal provisions on cross-border data flows and personal data protection in EU trade and investment agreement.

It should be acknowledged that CETA has made a significant contribution to the diversification and resilience of EU and Canadian supply chains, as well as to increased EU imports of **critical raw materials** from Canada. Members recommended ensuring the continued development of joint projects under the EU-Canada Strategic Partnership on Raw Materials.

Lastly, Parliament suggested that the commitment to deepen cooperation in areas such as people-to-people ties, **culture, youth**, support for inclusive policies and the EU-Canada digital partnership framework should be acted upon swiftly.

In conclusion, Parliament recommended pursuing the establishment of a **genuine strategic partnership with Canada**, based on trust, shared principles and values rooted in international law and democracy.