



Basic information	
2025/2536(RSP) RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects Resolution on energy-intensive industries Subject 3.60 Energy policy 3.60.08 Energy efficiency	Procedure completed

Key players				
European Parliament	Committee responsible		Rapporteur	Appointed
	ITRE	Industry, Research and Energy	GORI Giorgio (S&D)	10/12/2024
European Commission	Commission DG		Commissioner	
	Internal Market, Industry, Entrepreneurship and SMEs		SÉJOURNÉ Stéphane	

Key events			
Date	Event	Reference	Summary
02/04/2025	Debate in Parliament		
03/04/2025	Decision by Parliament	T10-0065/2025	Summary
03/04/2025	Results of vote in Parliament		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2025/2536(RSP)
Procedure type	RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects
Procedure subtype	Resolution on statement
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 136-p2
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	ITRE/10/01601

Documentation gateway
European Parliament

Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Motion for a resolution		B10-0209/2025	27/03/2025	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		T10-0065/2025	03/04/2025	Summary
European Commission				
Document type		Reference	Date	Summary
Commission response to text adopted in plenary		SP(2025)08	14/08/2025	

Meetings with interest representatives published in line with the Rules of Procedure

Rapporteurs, Shadow Rapporteurs and Committee Chairs

Transparency				
Name	Role	Committee	Date	Interest representatives
NAGYOVÁ Jana	Shadow rapporteur	ITRE	20/03/2025	newcleo
DEL CASTILLO VERA Pilar	Shadow rapporteur	ITRE	12/03/2025	ENEL
GORI Giorgio	Rapporteur	ITRE	04/03/2025	Bellona Europa
VIVALDINI Mariateresa	Shadow rapporteur	ITRE	04/03/2025	International Association of Oil & Gas Producers Europe
GORI Giorgio	Rapporteur	ITRE	03/03/2025	Heidelberg Materials (HeidelbergCement AG)
GORI Giorgio	Rapporteur	ITRE	20/02/2025	industriAll European Trade Union
GORI Giorgio	Rapporteur	ITRE	17/02/2025	Eurelectric aisbl
VAN DEN BERG Brigitte	Shadow rapporteur	ITRE	17/02/2025	European Industrial Gases Association AISBL
NAGYOVÁ Jana	Shadow rapporteur	ITRE	14/02/2025	Stichting European Federation of Energy Traders
GORI Giorgio	Rapporteur	ITRE	11/02/2025	European Chemical Industry Council
GORI Giorgio	Rapporteur	ITRE	05/02/2025	Confederation of European Paper Industries EUROMETAUX European Ceramic Industry Association European Lime Association Fertilizers Europe The European Steel Association
GORI Giorgio	Rapporteur	ITRE	04/02/2025	Climate Action Network Europe
GORI Giorgio	Rapporteur	ITRE	04/02/2025	ENEL SpA
VIVALDINI Mariateresa	Shadow rapporteur	ITRE	30/01/2025	European Biogas Association
VIVALDINI Mariateresa	Shadow rapporteur	ITRE	29/01/2025	Federazione Imprese Siderurgiche Italiane
VIVALDINI Mariateresa	Shadow rapporteur	ITRE	29/01/2025	newcleo
VAN DEN BERG Brigitte	Shadow rapporteur	ITRE	28/01/2025	#SustainablePublicAffairs
GORI Giorgio	Rapporteur	ITRE	28/01/2025	Federazione Imprese Siderurgiche Italiane

VAN DEN BERG Brigitte	Shadow rapporteur	ITRE	27/01/2025	SSAB AB
GORI Giorgio	Rapporteur	ITRE	22/01/2025	European Aluminium AISBL
GORI Giorgio	Rapporteur	ITRE	22/01/2025	Associazione Nazionale Industrie Metalli non Ferrosi
VIVALDINI Mariateresa	Shadow rapporteur	ITRE	21/01/2025	Eni S.p.A.

Resolution on energy-intensive industries

2025/2536(RSP) - 03/04/2025 - Text adopted by Parliament, single reading

The European Parliament adopted a resolution on energy-intensive industries.

As a reminder, energy-intensive industries (EIIs) account for a significant share of the EU's economy and play a key role in job creation. They are crucial for the EU's strategic autonomy and competitiveness, as well as for decarbonisation, taking into account their energy footprint.

Clean energy projects

Member States are called on to **accelerate permitting and licensing processes** for clean energy projects, ensuring administrative capacity, and to **facilitate grid connections** to enable clean, on-site energy generation, especially in remote areas. Stressing that the growth of renewables and electrification will require massive investment in grids and in flexibility, storage and distribution networks, the Commission is called on to develop, beyond the concept of overriding public interest, solutions for speeding up decarbonisation projects.

Electricity market design (EMD) rules

Parliament believes that further action is needed to implement the electricity market design (EMD) rules, especially to promote power purchase agreements (PPAs) and two-way contracts for difference (CfDs) to reduce volatility and energy costs for EIIs. The Commission is called on to propose urgent measures to address current barriers to the signing of long-term agreements, especially for SMEs, using risk reduction instruments and guarantees, including public guarantee such as by the European Investment Bank (EIB). Additional ways to decouple fossil fuel prices from electricity prices should be explored including with the aim of boosting long-term contracts in line with the affordable energy action plan, and by advancing the analysis of short-term markets to 2025 with a view to considering alternative market design options.

The Commission is also called on to develop **recommendations** for reducing the exposure of consumers, and especially EIIs, to rising energy costs, such as by reducing taxes and levies and harmonising network charges, while ensuring public investment in grids.

Phasing out of natural gas

Members underlined the need to phase out natural gas as soon as possible. In the meantime, Member States are called on to develop measures to address gas price spikes. The Commission should also develop tools to ensure gas supply at a mitigated cost, by enabling demand aggregation, building on AggregateEU, and joint gas purchasing, while keeping decarbonisation objectives.

Funding

The resolution insisted that the upcoming MFF increase funding to support EIIs, building on the Innovation Fund and the Connecting Europe Facility – Energy or through the competitiveness fund. In addition, it stressed the need to simplify bureaucratic procedures to enhance the attractiveness of private investment and support EIIs' transition.

Critical raw materials

Members stressed that the upcoming circular economy act should improve resource efficiency, including through better waste management of products containing critical raw materials, as well as fostering the demand and availability of secondary raw materials.

Unfair competition

The Commission is called on to find a permanent solution to address unfair competition and structural overcapacity, before the expiry of current steel safeguard measures in 2026. In this regard, it should engage with the US in relation to the announced tariffs on EU imports and avoid any harmful escalation.

Effective CBAM

Parliament stressed that an effective implementation of the carbon border adjustment mechanism (CBAM) is essential to ensure a level playing field for EU industries and prevent carbon leakage, taking into account the impact of the parallel phasing out of the ETS free allowances and the risk of increased production costs. It called on the Commission to address the risks of **resource shuffling** and circumvention of the CBAM.

Support for workers

Lastly, the resolution stressed the importance of a just transition to assist areas heavily reliant on EUs, by keeping and creating quality jobs through upskilling and reskilling programmes for workers and through the effective use of regional support mechanisms, such as the Just Transition Fund and the Cohesion Fund.